Reading Room

TO THE PUBLIC
This newspaper is a philanthrophist, in that it doesn't tell all it knows. If it did, it wouldn't be here.

The Upland News

Published Daily Except Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday. It should be in every home in Upland and vicinity. One dollar and fifty cents per year.

VOLUME TWENTY-TWO, NO. 51 — UPLAND, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1917 — $1.50 PER YEAR

ISAAC WALTONS ALL PISCATORIAL ARTISTS

BEST CATCHES COME FROM REGION OF LITLLE BEAR LAKE

Big Bear Not Very Good at the Present Time. A. P. Harwood and Amos Allen Say It Won't Be Good Under Two Weeks.

Fish, their length, how to catch them, etc., etc., is the main subject of discussion, for Upland's fishermen have been making trips to Deep creek, Mill creek, Santa Ana canyon, Little Bear, Big Bear and all the other points considered as excellent fishing at this time.

The best report comes from Little Bear where Messrs. Geo. Bunker, Roy Creighton, and Booth of Pomona brought home an excellent catch.

W. E. Goerz and Paul Schowalter went into Deep creek, but although they caught several fish were not enthusiastic over the result.

Jas. Osborn, Joe Cordiss, Ad Bryden, W. C. Cline and E. R. Moore found fairly good fishing in Deep creek.

G. B. West and Earle Swan had fairly good luck but the size of the trout were small.

John Collins, Mrs. Collins, Aaron Brest and Mrs. W. B. Duncan went up Mill creek canyon but had very little luck. They started for Seven Oaks and finally found themselves many miles from nowhere, out of gasoline. Finally they reached Seven Oaks and on the way home had a little machine trouble; in fact, Mr. Collins states that he was not enthusiastic over the first trip but hopes for better luck next time.

A. P. Harwood, Chas. Wentworth, N. I. Hamer, J. J. Atwood returned from Big Bear with unsatisfactory success and Mr. Harwood stated that those planning a trip to Big Bear should wait at least two weeks as the fish are spawning, the weather is cold and fish won't bite satisfactorily. Amos Allen, Upland's famous and most experienced Big Bear fisherman folded up his tents and decided that fishing is bound to be poor in Big Bear for at least two or three weeks.

OCEAN VIEW CO. TO GRANT HALF RATES

The state railroad commission, having given authority to water utilities to deliver surplus water at reduced rates for additional irrigation during the emergency created by the war, the Ocean View Land and Water company is prepared to furnish water for irrigating additional garden crops on vacant lots where such land is adjacent to their mains and laterals; and such water to be charged for at one-half of the existing domestic rate of eight cents per one hundred cubic feet, making the emergency rate four cents per one hundred cubic feet.

No meter installation charge will be made, but a charge based on actual cost will be made for the necessary piping and labor required to connect the property served, to the water main.

Any one wishing to avail themselves of this reduced rate, in order to increase the production of the food supply, is requested to communicate with the office of the company at the Stewart Citrus association's packing house for further particulars.

EVANS BROKE MARK IN DISCUS THROW BY FIVE FEET

"Swede" Evans went to Berkeley to represent Chaffey Union in the California prep track and field meet and came back Monday with seven points and a new state record.

This put Chaffey eighth in a field of twenty-four schools from all over California.

Coalinga high school won the meet with twenty-five points. Pasadena was second with 17; Sacramento, 15; Redlands, 14; Los Angeles Poly, 12; Manual Arts, 11; Berkeley, 9; Chaffey, 7; Oakland, 7; Ventura, 5; Fillmore, 5; Fullerton, 5; Modseto, 4; Hollywood, 3; Tamalpais, 3; Red Bluff, 2; Ukiah, 2; Lincoln, Los Angeles, 2; Chico, Compton, Fresno, Jackson, Palo Alto, Santa Monica, 1 each.

Evans was entered in the shot put and discus throw.

He won the discus with a heave of 122 feet 11 inches. This was many feet ahead of his nearest competitor, and five feet and 11 inches better than the old record held by Weeks of Santa Rosa high.

In the shot put Evans finished third for two more points.

Prune and apricot growers of Tulare county met in Visalia last week to discuss the business of the Prune and Apricot Growers' association.

ANNUAL Y. M. C. A. TRACK MEET SAT.

400 or 500 CHILDREN AND ELDERS EXPECTED TO ATTEND THE MEET

Athletic Events and Folk Games on Program. Fifteen Schools Will Be Represented in Eighth Annual Celebration.

Saturday of this week is the big day for the pupils in the grammar schools of this end of San Bernardino county. Four or five hundred children and many of their elders will enjoy the annual Y. M. C. A. track meet and festival on the Chaffey field.

This is the eighth annual celebration which the county secretary has arranged for the young folks, and they are taking a keen interest in the affair from Chino and the California George Junior Republic on the west to Colton and Rialto on the east. Fifteen schools will be represented.

The trial heats in the dashes will be run in the morning at 10, and the May poles and drills will take place at the tennis courts at 11:30. The spelling contest that has been responsible for a great deal of interest in the study of the speller is scheduled for 1:15 in the auditorium.

The finals in the dashes, and all the other events of the big track and field meet, will begin at 2 in the afternoon.

Those who enjoy seeing the boys and girls at play will want to be present for the whole day. Bring your lunch basket. Coffee and sandwiches may be purchased at the meet.

CAMP THROOP ESTABLISHED AT PASADENA

"Fifteen hundred men from Southern California for Camp Throop, Pasadena, by May 10," was the order received yesterday at the Military Training Camp Headquarters, 749 South Spring Street, from the commanding officer of the western department of the United States army.

Enrollment will start this morning and applications will be received from men between the ages of seventeen years and nine months and forty-three years and nine months.

Throop Camp is planned as a supplementary camp to the officers's training camp at the Presidio, which will be established under the war department's authority upon the campus of the Throop College of Technology. The camp will provide a three months' course of instruction to fit men for the officers' reserve corps and for active service in the commissioned ranks of the new army.

Upon completion of the three months' course each applicant will be given a certificate of his military efficiency and also the recommendation of the camp commander which will be credited according to his record and advancement in the camp.

Capt. Louis R. Ball, U. S. A. (retired), has been designated to command at the camp and in addition to the officials of Throop college, will be given a competent corps of military men to give instruction in infantry and cavalry organization and tactics, aviation, engineering and camp sanitation.

The government is providing all arms, equipment, instruction and material for carrying on the work of the camp. It is believed each applicant will be required to furnish his uniform, transportation to the camp and his board expenses, which will be at a very low rate. The uniforms will be of the regular army type and the cost of each complete is estimated at about $10.

I. G. Pattinson of Pasadena has been appointed quartermaster of the camp and has already started arrangements for the immediate erection of the tents and mess equipment for 1500 men. Orders have been issued by the war department to have everything in readiness by 10 o'clock of the morning of May 10.

Chairman John S. Cravens of the Military Training Camps association has completed arrangements at the headquarters to take care of all applicants, especially those over the age of 20 years and 9 months, and urges all qualified men of Southern California to grasp this opportunity of securing this training for the officers' reserve corps.

Blanks and information sheets are now at hand at 749 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, and applicants should make application before May 8 to insure acceptance.

The confectionery industry of the United States represents the investment of $110,000,000 capital, turning out confectionery annually to the value of $183,000,000. On the basis of a population of 102,000,000, this means a net expenditure of $1.80 a year for every man, woman, and child in continental United States.

THE PROPOSED BOND ISSUE OF $24,000 TO GIVE UPLAND AN ADEQUATE SEWER SYSTEM—ELECTION ON JUNE 5

On another page of this issue of The News will be found a legal notice to the effect that on Tuesday, June 5th, the voters of the city of Upland will be called upon to cast their ballots, yes or no, on the proposition of issuing bonds to the extent of $24,000 to equip this city with an outfall sewer.

This is probably one of the most serious matters to come before the voters in many months, and in considering it the committee assisting the council as well as the members of the council have spent many hours going over the various details.

The necessity of a sewer is urgent, at this time, in but one section of the city, and that is in the down-town district, where so many cesspools have been placed that sewage at times seeps to the surface and becomes a menace to the public health. This condition demands a remedy and the taxpayers of this city must face the condition as it is, and proceed to remedy it as it should be remedied.

The maximum cost to the property holders, of installing the outfall sewer for which a bonded indebtedness of $24,000 is proposed, will be about 10c on each $100 valuation, and with the paying off of the bonds the rate per $100 valuation will decrease to a rate of 3c to 4c per $100 valuation. The above figures apply to the city as a whole and regarding the issue of $24,000 in bonds and does not apply to the lateral system to be placed in the district within the city limits between Eleventh street on the north and A street on the south.

Figures as supplied to The News by Mayor C. E. Grier, who will have a more complete article dealing with the sewer proposition in subsequent issues, is to the effect that the average dwelling lot will pay for the installation of the sewer laterals from $15 to $16 as well as for the connections which will be made by local plumbers, while within the business district which demands the sewer more than any other part of the city, the probable cost will be $1 per front foot. The lateral system is to be placed under the Vrooman act and property owners may either pay on the completion of the work or during a term of years, providing the expense is in excess of $25.

The calling of this bond election and the proposal to give to the city of Upland a sewer system is the result of careful study, not only of the members of the city council but of a committee made up of Messrs. D. E. Dobbins, E. C. Mehl, Chas. Ruedy, F. C. Froehde. These men, after traveling many miles in viewing the work of other cities and considering conditions existing here, decided that the thing to do was to provide this city with a sewer system, and do it now, as with each succeeding year and the growth of the city, the condition is becoming worse and the menace to health a problem which cannot be solved in any other way.

A plan has been entered into by which Upland joins with Ontario in the disposal of its sewage and that it is an excellent arrangement can readily be seen when facts and figures are considered. Without this arrangement Upland would have found it necessary to purchase a sewer farm and provide funds for the operation of such a sewer farm, but by joining with Ontario this expense is eliminated and a vast amount of money saved to the taxpayers of the city. The $24,000 bond issue is to be used exclusively in the installation of the outfall sewer along A street and down Campus avenue to connect with a main artery of Ontario's sewer at A street, in Ontario. The agreement between the two cities is that in view of Ontario's allowing Upland to use her sewer farm, Ontario is to have the privilege of connecting to the outfall at any point along the route on Campus avenue from the north city limits south.

That this is an excellent business more for Upland, and eliminates any unpleasantness between the two cities over sewage disposal, can readily be seen by those familiar with the lay of the ground, as Upland's sewage must be taken with the slope and the combination with Ontario eliminates any difficulty which might arise over its disposal, as well as being an excellent business deal for both towns.

During the following issues of The News previous to the election it will be the endeavor of this publication to place before the voters the facts concerning the proposed sewer system. If readers of The News either for or against the voting of the bonds and the giving to the city an adequate sewer system, desire to discuss the issue, The News will publish all articles that deal with the real issues and are signed by the writers.

Mayor C. E. Grier will give in the next issue of The News a review of what led up to the final decision of calling the bond issue and the decision of the committee and city council that there was but one feasible way of solving the serious problem of a city sewer system which now confronts the voters.

TO VIEW JOINT TUBERCULAR HOSPITALS

That there is a strong probability that Riverside county may join San Bernardino in the construction and maintenance of a joint tubercular hospital on the site of the new county hospital, was indicated Monday when arrangements were made by Chairman Flaherty of the Riverside board of supervisors, to go with Supervisor W. J. Kincaid of this county on a tour of the joint county tubercular hospitals of the state. They will visit Santa Clara, Stockton and Fresno.

Under the proposal of this county the new institution would be built according to the proportionate assessed valuation of the two counties San Bernardino county to provide the site. The maintenance would be based on a per capita population of the hospital. By building an institution meeting the requirements of the state tubercular board, the counties would receive state aid, which would lessen the cost of caring for the unfortunates.

The present county hospital site is proposed for the reason it is sufficiently large to practically isolate the tubercular patients.

A farm center has been organized at Elk Creek, Glenn county.

The Glenn County farm bureau has worked out a very complete marketing system.

A COUNTY DEFENSE COUNCIL ORGANIZED

San Bernardino county council of defense was organized Monday with Judge H. T. Dewhirst as chairman and District Attorney T. W. Duckworth as secretary.

The other two county official members are J. B. Glover, chairman of the board of supervisors, and Sheriff J. L. McMinn.

Named as the three citizen members of the council were: John P. Coy, county horticultural commission; Hugh T. Osborne of Colton, and Robert McKennett, prominent agriculturist of Cucamonga.

It is probable that sub-committtees will be named. Advisory committees will probably be named in various cities.

Mr. Duckworth attended the conference of the state council with members of the county councils of defense of Southern California at Los Angeles Wednesday, and the council will meet again on Thursday to formulate plans for a campaign, much of which will be based on what Mr. Duckworth learns.

It is probable that increased food production and home guard organization will be the principal work of the county council of defense.

ANNUAL GLEE CLUB AND ORCHESTRA ENTERTAINMENT

Friday night, May 11, the high school boys' glee club, assisted by the orchestra, will give their concert in the auditorium. This event is always looked forward to with great interest as the young men are somewhat noted for their enthusiasm under normal conditions. Just at present they are working under extra high pressure and are preparing a "stunt," a one-act comedy burlesque on the famous prison scene from "Il Trovatore," which is calculated to drive the glooms far away. The evening will be one of good music and that needful element of grief-chasing humor which prolongs life and helps pay the rent.

Under the direction of S. Earle Blakeslee the glee club and the orchestra have made exceptional progress this year. New instruments have been added to the orchestra, and the proceeds of the evening are to pay the bill for these instruments. Of especial pride to the drummer of the band are new kettledrums, the first to be owned by any orchestra in this community. Any seat in the house costs but 25 cents. Remember the date: May Eleven.

Work on the new sugar factory at Manteca is being rushed.

Modesto is planning the formation of a street tree improvement district.

RED CROSS CHAPTER MEETS SAT. NIGHT

REPORTS ON WHAT HAS ALREADY BEEN DONE TO BE HEARD

No Appeals for Money Will Be Made at This Meeting, and It Is Urged that Every Member Be present. Visitors Welcome.

On Saturday evening at half past seven at the headquarters there will be a meeting of the Upland Red Cross chapter. All members are asked to be present and all friends will be welcome.

General meetings of the chapter are not frequent, and no member should miss this one.

No appeals for money will be made, but there will be reports of what is being done with the money which has been so generously contributed.

There will also be some brief but interesting talks, probably one of them by Dr. Abbott on the subject of food preserving.

Some of the members have not visited the headquarters and this meeting will provide an opportunity for inspection of some of the finished work done in them.

It is presumed that as intelligent citizens of Upland all Red Cross members read The News, consequently this will be the only notice of the meeting, it being thought advisable to save the money entailed by the sending out of individual notices.

Don't forget the time or the place, Saturday evening and the Red Cross headquarters on Second avenue.

"THE SHINE GIRL" AT THE COLONIAL

Gladys Hulette, the charming little star of "The Shine Girl," the Pathe Gold Rooster play produced by Thanhouser, which Manager Ross announces that he will present at the Colonial tomorrow (Friday) night, began her stage career at the immature age of three. A tiny part in a play requiring her to run across the stage. She was so winsome that the audience applauded and little Gladys liked that applause so well that she decided to make the stage her profession. Later she was one of the little children with DeWolf Hopper in "Wang." Following this with a child part in "Kreutzen Sonata," with Bertha Kalich and "The Dolls House," with Nazimova. She is an excellent swimmer and a daring horsewoman now and in "The Shine Girl" she has an opportunity to show her talent in the lateer regard. "The Shine Girl" is said by a motion picture authority to be one of the eight great pictures he has seen in the last six years. It is many ways like that other Gold Rooster play, "Little Mary Sunshine," which has already made a fortune.

"The Shine Girl" has been described as "The Peg-O'-My-Heart" of the screen. In it Gladys Hulette plays a Mary Pickford part with such charm as to bring from the New York Morning Telegraph this comment: "Gladys Hulette is the little slum philosopher and her work is a joy."

The dingy depths of a shoe-shining basement hold five thousand feet of sunniness. "The Shine Girl" while shining shoes with her little hands, she polishes up the grouchy and brooding souls with a cheerful word and smile.

The part she eventually plays in the destinies of four people is an important one, and watching the sympathetic enactment of the story, you will cry a little, laugh a lot and then say: "That's the kind of picture I like to see."

In the story the little girl steals a loaf of bread for a hungry friend. She is caught. A kind judge of the children's court makes her see that she should not take what doesn't belong to her. Later he is about to run away with another man's wife. She asks him if he meant what he said, when he told that people shouldn't steal. What could he answer?

The picture shows actual scenes in the juvenile court, and it has many touches which prove the director a master artist.

The Motion Picture News describes "The Shine Girl" as masterpiece. The Moving Picture World says that the production is distinctly human, clear and beautiful.

Turlock is assured of the building of a milk condensary.

The olive cannery at Lindsay is signing up acreage in canning tomatoes to be handled this summer.

Fig growers of Sanislaus county met recently in Ceres to consider marketing prices of figs for 1917.

Swine raisers of Tulare county are considering a plan to establish a monthly market day similar to that now observed in Kern county.

"ROOKIE" FAINTED, NOT A NURSE THERE

PRIVATE CAMPBELL FALLS BY THE WAYSIDE AND STARTS THE RUSH

Suggested That Local Red Cross Nurses Be Detailed to Accompany Home Guard Contingent When Drilling.

There's a rush on to join the local drill corps and present indications are that Captain John D. Howe and his assistants will have more than they can handle within the next few days.

The rush was the result of the effect that the drilling sensation had on just one common, ordinary "rookie" who was being put through a few stunts on Sunday morning. Said "rookie" is famous throughout the city under the name of Ready-to-Wear Campbell, and it seems that previous to Sunday morning he labored under the impression that army life was a mere dream, and that although selling ready-to-wear goods was strenuous he believed drilling was a good deal like walking down the street.

Mr. Campbell, along with other members of the awkward squad, was being put through the paces given the new men. On and on they marched, and either Mr. Campbell's breakfast hadn't set according to usual proceedings or arising on Sunday morning earlier than usual had tipped over the routine of the entire week—anyhow, Mr. Campbell seemed to see many things, and although the tramp, tramp, tramp, of his fellows echoed in his ears, he fell by the wayside, with out a staff of Red Cross nurses to care for him.

The rush to join the drill corps is therefore the result of the suggestion that local Red Cross nurses attend the drilling of the men that in cases like Mr. Campbell's, men fainting away may wake up with an entire staff of nurses in attendance.

Any member of the drill corps found shammng sickness will be dealt wtih according to instructions from Captain John D. Howe.

DRAMATIC READERS METHODIST CHURCH

Next Monday and Tuesday evening, May 7and 8, Mr. and Mrs. William Morton Rasmus will appear at the Methodist church in two dramatic readings. They come under the auspices of the Epworth League and it is hoped that a large number of people will avail themselves of the opportunity to hear these excellent readers.

On Monday evening they will render Charles Klein's beautiful story, "The Music Master." On Tuesday evening Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus will give a production of their own composition, the title of which is "The White-Robed Stranger."

The story of "The White-Robed Stranger" is based upon scenes laid in the field of the great European war and has as its center the struggle between two great, contending powers—the spirit of Christ and the spirit of Napoleon.

There are strange stories told of scenes upon the battlefield, but through the whole story runs the romance of Glory Schiller, the daughter of the gun-maker, and Richard Wellington, the English officer, but back of it all stands the plea for a Christlike civilization.

Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus are well known here, they having given readings here for several years. Every one in town is cordially invited to attend these two splendid entertainments. There will be no admission charged. A silver offering will be taken to defray expenses.

R. O. PRICE NAMED TO HEAD THE UPLAND FARM CENTER

The forming of Upland's farm center was completed last night at a meeting held at the chamber of commerce headquarters. Along with twelve or thirteen farm centers the San Bernardino county farm bureau will be formed and through the organization the idea of establishing a county office to be known officially as the farm adviser of the county will be taken before the board of supervisors.

The farm adviser idea has just been adopted by Riverside county and state authorities have named the farm adviser. If the position is established in this county a man of wide experience in farming will be named to confer with all ranchers and assist them in getting a better result from the soil.

R. O. Price was named last night as the director to represent the Upland center on the county farm bureau board and Mr. Price will be one of the county directors, as well.

THE UPLAND NEWS

WILLIAM E. WESTLAND, Editor and Proprietor
Phone Sunset 29

Entered at the postoffice at Upland, California, as second-class mail matter

SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING RATES

One Year.....$1.50 Six Months.....75c
Eight Months..... 1.00 Three Months.....40c
Liners in Local News column, per line, each issue.....10 cents
Minimum charge for Liners in Local News column, 30 cents
Classified, per word, each insertion.....1 cent
Minimum charge for Classified, 25 cents

THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1917

PRES. WILSON'S APPEAL TO THE NATION

"My Fellow Countrymen: The entrance of our own beloved country into the grim and terrible war for democracy and human rights which has shaken the world creates so many problems of national life and action which calls for immediate consideration and settlement that I hope you will permit me to address to you a few words of earnest counsel and appeal with regard to them.

"We are rapidly putting our navy upon an effective war footing and are about to create and equip a great army, but these are the simplest parts of the great task to which we have addressed ourselves. There is not a single selfish element, so far as I can see, in the cause we are fighting for. We are fighting for what we believe and wish to be the rights of mankind and for the future peace and security of the world. To do this great thing worthily and successfully we must devote ourselves to the service without regard to profit or material advantage and with an energy and intelligence that will rise to the level of the enterprise itself. We must realize to the full how great the task is and how many things, how many kinds and elements of capacity and service and self-sacrifice it involves.

"These, then, are the things we must do, and do well, besides fighting—the things without which mere fighting would be fruitless:

"We must supply abundant food for ourselves and for our armies and our seamen not only, but also for a large part of the nations with whom we have now made common cause, in whose support and by whose sides we shall be fighting.

"We must supply ships by the hundreds out of our shipyards to carry to the other side of the sea, submarines or no submarines, what will every day be needed there, and abundant materials out of our fields and our mines and our factories with which not only to clothe and equip our own forces on land and sea but also to clothe and support our people for whom the gallant fellows under arms can no longer work, to help clothe and equip the armies with which we are cooperating in Europe, and to keep the looms and manufacturies there in raw material; coal to keep the fires going in ships at sea and and in the furnaces of hundreds of factories across the sea; steel out of which to make arms and ammunition both here and there; rails for worn-out railways back of the fighting fronts; locomotives and rolling stock to take the place of those every day going to pieces; mules, horses, cattle for labor and for military service; everything with which the people of England and France and Italy and Russia have usually supplied themselves but cannot now afford the men, the materials or the machinery to make.

"It is evident to every thinking man that our industries, on the farms, in the shipyards, in the mines, in the factories, must be made more prolific and more efficient than ever and that they must be more economically managed and better adapted to the particular requirements of our task than they have been; and what I want to say is that the men and the women who devote their thought and their energy to these things will be serving the country and conducting the fight for peace and freedom just as truly and just as effectively as the men on the battlefield or in the trenches. The industrial forces of the country, men and women alike, will be a great national, a great international, Service Army—a notable and honored host engaged in the service of the nation and the world, the efficient friends and saviors of free men everywhere. Thousands, nay, hundreds of thousands, of men otherwise liable to military service will of right and necessity be excused from that service and assigned to the fundamental, sustaining work of the fields and factories and mines, and they will be as much part of the great patriotic forces of the nation as the men under fire.

"I take the liberty, therefore, of addressing this word to the farmers of the country and to all who work on the farms. The supreme need of our own nation and of the nations with which we are cooperating is an abundance of supplies, and especially of foodstuffs. The importance of an adequate food supply, especially for the present year, is superlative. Without abundant food, alike for the armies and the peoples now at war, the whole great enterprise upon which we have embarked will break down and fail. The world's food reserves are low. Not only during the present emergency but for some time after peace shall have come both our own people and a large proportion of the people of Euprope must rely upon the harvests in America. Upon the farmers of this country, therefore, in large measure, rests the fate of the war and the fate of the nations. May the nation not count upon them to omit no step that will increase the production of their land or that will bring about the most effectual cooperation in the sale and distribution of their products? The time is short. It is of the most imperative importance that everything possible be done and done immediately to make sure of large harvests. I call upon young men and old alike and upon the able-bodied boys of the land to accept and act upon this duty—to turn in hosts to the farm and make certain that no pains and no labor is lacking in this great matter.

"I particularly appeal to the farmers of the South to plant abundant foodstuffs as well as cotton. They can show their patriotism in no better or more convincing way than by resisting the great temptation of the present price of cotton and helping, helping upon a great scale, to feed the nation and the peoples everywhere who are fighting for their liberties and for our own. The variety of their crops will be the visible measure of their comprehension of their national duty.

"The government of the United States and the governments of the several states stand ready to cooperate. They will do everything possible to assist farmers in securing an adequate supply of seed, an adequate force of laborers when they are most needed, at harvest time, and the means of expediting shipments of fertilizers and farm machinery, as well as of the crops themselves when harvested. The course of trade shall be as unhampered as it is possible to make it and there shall be no unwarranted manipulation of the nation's food supply by those who handle it on its way to the consumer. This is our opportunity to demonstrate the efficiency of a great Democracy and we shall not fall short of it!

"This let me say to the middlemen of every sort, whether they are handling our foodstuffs or our raw material of manufacture or the products of our mills and factories: The eyes of the country will be especially upon you. This is your opportunity for signal service, effcient and disinterested. The country expects you, as it expects all others, to forego profits, to organize and expedite shipments of supplies of every kind, but especially of food, with an eye to the service you are rendering and in the spirit of those who enlist in the ranks, for their people, not for themselves. I shall confidently expect you to deserve and win the confidence of people of every sort and station.

"To the men who run the railways of the country, whether they be managers or operative employees, let me say that the railways are the arteries of the nation's life and that upon them rest the immense responsibility of seeing to it that those arteries suffer no obstruction of any kind, no inefficiency or slackened power. To the merchant let me suggest the motto, "Small profits and quick service"; and to the shipbuilder the thought that the life of the war depends upon him. The food and the war supplies must be carried across the seas no matter how many ships are sent to the bottom. The places of those that go down must be supplied and supplied at once. To the minor let me say that he stands where the farmer does: the work of the world waits on him. If he slackens or fails armies and statesmen are helpless. He also is enlisted in the great Service Army. The manufacturer does not need to be told, I hope, that the nation looks to him to speed and perfect every process and I want only to remind his employees that their service is absolutely indispensable and is counted on by every man who loves the country and its liberties.

"Let me suggest, also, that every one who creates or cultivates a garden helps, and helps greatly, to solve the problem of the feeding of the nations and that every housewife who practices strict economy puts herself in the ranks of those who serve the nation. This is the time for America to correct her unpardonable fault of wastefulness and extravagance. Let every man and every woman assume the duty of careful, provident use and expenditure as a public duty, as a dictate of patriotism which no one can now expect to be excused or forgiven for ignoring.

"In the hope that this statement of the needs of the nation and of the world in this hour of supreme crisis may stimulate those to whom it comes and to remind all who need reminder of the solemn duties of a time such as the world has never seen before, I beg that all editors and publishers everywhere will give as prominent publication and as wide circulation as possible to this appeal. I venture to suggest, also, to all advertising agencies that they would perhaps render a very substantial and timely service to the country if they would give it widespread repetition. And I hope that clergymen will not think the theme of it an unworthy or inappropriate subject of comment and homily from their pulpits.

"The supreme test of the nation has come. We must all speak, act and serve together!

WOODROW WILSON.

74 AMERICAN TOWNS MOBILIZE TO KEEP TRADE AT HOME

One day last fall a number of merchants and business men of Cadillac, Michigan, might have been seen making their way along the country roads to various neighboring farms. Each man had a potato fork over his shoulder. Most of the stores and places of business in Cadillac were closed for the day.

The men were not having a holiday, however. They had learned that the farmers were short of help to dig their potato crops—even at four dollars a day—and the potatoes were in danger of freezing in the ground. The business men had turned out to cooperate with the farmers for the good of the whole community.

This story is told to illustrate the get-together spirit now making itself manifest in many directions. The idea back of them all is to check outside competition, largely of the mail-order character. Methods for this purpose have been adopted in towns and cities throughout the country, says Willis Osborn in System, and he reports interesting results from an investigation of seventy-four of them. For example:

"The Buy-at-Home division of the Elyria (Ohio) chamber of commerce decided to learn just how much trade was going out of town and why the people of Elyria preferred not to buy of local merchants. A careful check was made of all goods delivered daily to individuals by freight, express and parcel post from out-of-town concerns. In addition a questionnaire was sent to five hundred householders, asking them to tabulate their experiences regarding service in local stores, completeness of stocks, prices and the like.

"A mass of information was secured, and with it in hand the committee called a meeting of the local merchants and laid the facts before them. The report submitted was a revelation. Here it is, in part:

Dry Goods

Not enough articles of one kind—underwear, coats, shirts, dresses, and the like.

Clerks talk about customers to other clerks in hearing of customers.

Clerks do not know goods.

Children's clothing selection very incomplete.

Waited one hour for five yards of toweling.

Meats

Prices too high.

Not shown and handled in sanitary manner; left exposed; handled with dirty hands.

Shoes

Do not carry good line of sizes and widths.

No assortment of overshoes.

Clerks visit.

Clothing

Cater to cheaper trade only.

Assortment lacking in boys' clothing; children's hats and bonnets.

Stocks incomplete; can't fit any but standard sizes.

Groceries

Goods not invitingly displayed.

Prices too high.

Inferior goods substituted for those ordered.

Favoritism shown in waiting on customers.

Dogs allowed in stores.

Hardware

Stocks too much like those of ordinary country stores—little variety.

General

Clerks inattention and ignorant of stock.

Children imposed upon.

Merchatns agree to order goods not in stock, but do not keep promises.

Deliveries

Delivery service often unreliable; young children employed; packages tossed about and handled in insanitary manner.

This report convinced the merchants of Elyria that it was "up to them" to do something, and a thorough retail trade organization, renovation and house-cleaning resulted. Other cities, we are told, have taken other means of fighting the common enemy—the mail-order house—and in all of them the System investigator finds that the "imaginary boundary lines between town and country have been or are being wiped out."

Novelty and adroitness characterize many of the methods adopted to bring the coveted farmer to town with his trade. In the Wabash (Indiana) and Trenton (Missouri) campaigns, for instance, "the policy of urging the local purchase of goods is carefully avoided." As fast as local conditions are improved "the papers advertise the facts to show farmers that mutual trading is to the common interest of both country and city."

Townsmen, merchants and farmers in other communities are working together literally with pick and shovel to improve the highways, and the results obtained in this direction are declared to be a conspicuous feature of this nation-wide movement.—Current Opinion.

THE FOOD EMERGENCY

It is a difficult thing for a country that has never known anything bordering upon a famine in foodstuffs to realize that conditions can arise which may empty its bins, barns, and warehouses of its reserve store of grain long before a new crop can be gathered to replenish them. More difficult still is it for such a country to realize, in the midst of seeming plenty, that such conditions have already arisen. The United States has had its panics and its periods of "hard times," but, except in the early days, when transportation was lacking, and the means of distribution were even more inadequate, in some isolated sections, than they are today over wide areas, panics and "hard times" have never been due to a general food shortage. Over rather than under production has caused business depression, industrial stagnation, unemployment, and want in the past. It is an entirely new thing for the United States to be confronted with a serious domestic problem when demand for the products of the soil and of the factories is at floodtide, when prices are at their height, when money is plentiful, when work awaits all who seek it, and when the wage scale is above the most sanguine hopes of the labor unions.

The anomaly is at hand, however, and its presence is due to a combination of circumstances not difficult to be understood by those who take the trouble to inquire. Plainly and briefly, at a time when the wheat supply in reserve and in prospect should be immensely larger than usual, to meet the domestic and oversea demands, it is and it promises to be, unless extraordinary means shall be employed to prevent it, far small than usual.

The country has heard how matters stand from the great exchanges and the great purveyors of foodstuffs. The secretary of agriculture, basing his statements upon the reports of trained observers and statisticians, has sounded a warning. The president, fully informed regarding the gravity of the situaton, has issued an urgent appeal for action. Thousands of well-informed persons have dwelt upon the subject of foodstuff shortage during the last few weeks. The newspapers have devoted columns to information and comment upon it. Yet the nation has been only partly aroused to a proper sense of the situation.

Perhaps people have been waiting to hear from the moneyed, the most sensitive of all interests. If so, they cannot fail to find food for serious reflection in an epitome of food supply conditions issued by the leading financial institution of the country, and reprinted in the news columns of this newspaper on last Wednesday. There is no theorizing in that statement. It is free of sentiment as a commercial agency report. It has nothing to do with the fanciful. Its conclusion, from the figures presented in its summary of crop conditions at home and abroad, is that, if the people of the United States grow no more food this year than they did last, "there is danger of a food situation such as the world in modern times has not dreamed of."

While the reader of the circular is asked to picture in his own mind what the conditions will be in cities of the United States next winter, and what the effect will be on industry, if food supplies are scarcer and dearer then that they are now, he is reminded that his responsibility does not rest wholly with consideration for his own neighborhood, city, state or country, but extends to the millions in warworn Europe who are going to be more largely than ever dependent upon American crops for their daily bread.

The United States has the territory, the soil, the fertility that will enable it to meet, for itself and for its neighbors, the emergency that is present and pressing. Surely it has the disposition. The labor only is lacking. What the nation needs is the spur, and this cannot be applied too sharply or too soon. There is need, and immediate need, of an army of workers for the fields and gardens. Not a day can safely be wasted. Spring will not wait upon the convenience of anybody. If the nation is to be saved, and if the world is to be rescued, from the disasters, economic, social and political, that are now threatening it, it must be through the service of an army in the farms and gardens quite as much as through armies at the front.

The call to the plow, the spade, and the hoe is even more urgent than the call to arms. There is no reason, however, why both calls should not be responded to with equal enthusiasm, or why the honor attending the response to one should be less than that attending response to the other. The hero of this emergency is he who does his bit, whatever it may be, does it promptly, and does it well.—Christian Science Monitor.

A VETERAN'S IDEA OF THE BEEF SCANDAL

We hear a great talk of army canned beef,
That was thrown in the seas of the South;
We hear of a commissary coming to grief
Because of his rapid-fire mouth—
But to the old "vets" this is wormwood and gall,
For in '61—I'm a son-of-a-gun
If we got any canned beef at all.

They say fresh beef was embalmed and not froze,
That the boys could not eat it with relish;
The ice plant gave out, we're led to suppose
And the results were particularly hellish—
But to the old "vets" this is wormwood and gall,
For in '61—I'm a son-of-a-gun
If we had any ice plants at all.

They say some tomatoes were spoiled in the can,
That they soured and made the men sick;
That some of the canned salmon would turn in the pan
And canned corn you'd not touch with a stick—
But to the old "vets" this is wormwood and gall,
For in '61—Im' a son-of-a-gun
If we had any canned goods at all.

They say the brave men at San Juan went ten days
Without washing or brushing their teeth;
That no soap was issued, although the sun's rays
Baked the dirt 'round their heads like a wreath—
But to the old "vets" this is wormwood and gall,
For in '61—I'm a son-of-a-gun
If we had any soap at all.

They say baking powder was issued so stale
That the bread was as heavy as lead;
That the amateur cooks at results would turn pale
And the soldiers approached it with dread—
But to the old "vets" this is wormwood and gall,
For in '61—I'm a son-of-a-gun
If we had any baking powder at all.

In those good old days it was soda and sal.'
Or sour dough carried 'round in a pot,
And double the grief when we found that our pal
Who carried the dough had got shot,
This to us old "vets" was wormwood and gall,
For in '61—I'm a son-of-a-gun
If we had any baking powder at all.

There were times when sleeping cars could not be found,
And the day coaches were furnished instead,
And trains made up "special" where'er they were found
With orders to rush them ahead—
But to the old "vets" this is wormwood and gall,
For in '61—I'm a son-of-a-gun
If they furnished us coaches at all.

They say that the cots that were sent to the camps
Were narrow and sagged in the middle;
That the poor boys upon them would suffer with cramps
And squirm 'round like eels on a griddle—
But to the old "vets" this is wormwood and gall,
For in '61—I'm a son-of-a-gun
If we had any cots at all.

They say that the boilers were sadly delayed,
So that water to drink was not boiled;
That microbes by millions our doctors dismayed,
And their efforts to cure were thus foiled,
But to the old "vets" this is wormwood and gall,
For in '61—I'm a son-of-a-gun
If we had any boilers at all.

They say that the sick had poor jelly and jams,
And the milk would not raise any cream;
That half of the boys were not furnished "pajams"
And the soup was too weak to make steam—
But to the old "vets" this is wormwood and gall,
For in '61—I'm a son-of-a-gun
If we had any of these things at all.

You heard no complaint of the beans or the rice,
Or the sow bosom, greasy and fat;
The hardtack and flour was always quite nice,
And the coffee was better than that;
And that's what we got in '61,
Interspersed with beef, gaunt and thin;
This scandalous fuss I've explained to my son,
Was over extras that should not have been.

—ED. F. BROWNE.

MILK BOTTLES ARE FOR MILK

Health Commissioner Robert H. Bishop, Jr., of Cleveland, again calls attention to an abuse to which health officers everywhere should give publicity—the lack of care given empty milk bottles.

Doctor Bishop, in recent press statements, declares that housewives who use milk bottles for other purposes and who permit children to dispose of the bottles to junk dealers are thoughtlessly endagnering the health of the entire community. Incidentally, they are adding to the cost of milk production.

One million milk bottles are recovered from city dumps each year. They find their way there after having been used as receptacles for gasoline, stove polish, and even poisonous liquids, and the abuse is by no means confined to the cities, either.—Ex.

United States Government Loan

Whatever may be the form of the coming UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOAN, we feel certain that for patriotic reasons, if for no other, Upland people will wish to be among the first to subscribe.

We take pleasure, therefore, in advising you that the services of our organization in this respect are at your disposal, without charge, and that we shall be glad to receive your subscription for the new bonds in accordance with the terms set by the government.

The First National Bank of Upland

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PLANT YOUR DOLLARS

Dollars beget Dollars, that is if you plant them in profitable places.

Start a SAVINGS ACCOUNT with this Bank. One Dollar deposited weekly will amount to $53.05 at the end of one year, or $108.24 in two years, or $165.65 in three years.

TRY IT, you will never miss the small amount, and it will be yours when needed.

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We also handle Goat Manure, Imperial Valley Steer Manure, Cudahy Sheep and Steer Manure from paved corrals, Chicken Manure from board floors, free from sand, Peat and Soil Tone.

Lime and Gypsum in carload lots at lowest prices.

Mr. Little will see you at your convenience. Phone 150.

G. A. Hanson Fruit Company, Upland, Cal.

Conservation of Time

The accomplishment of all planned tasks, whether great or small, depends on how you shape your moments.

Seconds evolve into minutes, minutes into hours, and hours into days.

If given time to accomplish a task without interruption—it is easy.

But who is it that is not interrupted? The housewife, the business man, the office man, the rancher, all have two or more things to perform at the same time.

To save steps, mental disturbance; to accomplish results and reduce the minor details of daily routine—make the Telephone be your servant; you have no right to spend a portion of the day to accomplishing a certain task when it can be handled in a few moments by the use of the Telephone.

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Orchards that are free from insect pests and fungus diseases produce more fruit. This insures increased profits to the grower. By the use of proper spray materials, applied in the proper manner, excellent results can be obtained. Practical, scientific, efficient spraying done at reasonable rates.

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General Transfer Work and Heavy and Light Hauling. Prompt attention. Phone your orders to Upland Transfer Co., Phone 124 during the day. After 6 p. m. call up 109-Y.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Auto Repairing

In order to insure your getting the best of service in auto repairing, the ability of the men employed in doing your work enters largely into the result.

I have now in my employ as foreman MR. WILL WATERMAN, who is well known among automobile and truck owners as one of the most thorough and painstaking mechanics in this section. Mr. Waterman's assistants are all experienced men and it is our aim to give first class service from every point of view, and with our complete shop equipment you will find our repair work promptly and efficiently done.

Thomas Garage

Euclid Avenue, near A Street, Upland

Phone 116

Cucamonga South Side

Interesting Happenings Gathered by a News Special Representative in and About Cucamonga South Side

Colonel Garrard is visiting his sister in San Jacinto.

J. D. Anglin was a business visitor in San Bernardino Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Frost joined the "film fans" at the Upland Colonial Tuesday evening.

The whooping cough in going the rounds has claimed another little victim, Alice Sommerville.

Vincent Lucas is having his home dwelling on Archibald avenue newly painted this spring.

Principal A. E. Juckett attended the San Bernardino County Teachers' association last Saturday in San Bernardino.

W. Houtz who came here from Kentucky to make his home with his nephew, J. B. English, and family, is spending a week in Imperial valley.

Eddis Farquhar of Rialto spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Farquhar.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Tathwell, former "South Siders," now "Riversiders," were shaking hands with old friends here Saturday.

W. C. Doyle of the "Metropolitan Cement Yards," spent Saturday and Sunday with his family in Hemet.

Mrs. Henry Whitson was a guest Friday of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Sam Whitson, of Ontario.

Mrs. Margaret Harris has been quite ill at the home of her grandson, Edwin Bowman, of Baker ave.

Mrs. C. T. Mays and two children, of Los Angeles, enjoyed a weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. Helen Sommerville, last week.

Mrs. J. F. Drake of Claremont with a motor party of friends was a visitor Tuesday at the home of her friend, Mrs. Frank M. Frost.

Mr. and Mrs. Abner MacKeen expect Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Jacquemin of Glendora as week-end guests this week. Both Mr. and Mrs. Jacquemin are accomplished musicians and will favor the "Union Mission" with several fine duets at the morning service.

F. A. Lucas, A. L. Miller, H. H. Petty, E. S. Bishop, with several others, from Cucamonga and Alta Loma, were called to San Bernardino on association business on Thursday and again on Friday.

Mrs. Helen Sommerville spent W dnesday in Los Angeles enjoying the very fine concert given by the New York Symphony orchestra at the Trinity Auditorium that afternoon.

One of the big Clarke busses, running between Ontario and San Bernardino, met with a slight accident Friday evening on South Archibald avenue. The pavement being slippery with a misty rain falling, the bus skidded into a truck, the truck going into the ditch, while the bus lost its front wheels. Luckily there were few passengers and no one was hurt. The damaged bus was left on the road until morning.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Horst of Alta Loma with their motor guest, Mrs. H. G. Cousins, visiting here from Los Angeles, were callers at the Bishop ranch Sunday afternoon.

Mr. A. Stinchfield will leave Friday for Los Angeles, where he will undergo an operation for his eyes. The well wishes of the community go with him.

As soon as the Bear Valley Lumber company open up for business in the mountains at Big Bear lake, F. M. Garrard expects to leave for that resort, where he has contracted to build camp cottages for his son-in-law, Theodore Krysto, of Pomona, Vincent G. Lucas and several others of Cucamonga, all of which bespeaks the popularity of this new mountain resort.

Harold Caldwell, cousin of F. A. Lucas and well known here, has just passed the physical examination for the U. S. army and left May 1st for the training camp at Sacramento. He will take an officer's training course.

The Guasti school children, under the leadership of their teachers, Miss Marjory Burr and Miss Dorothy Van dervort, have organized an Audubon society. Three meetings have been held on the study of the "barn swallow."

Changed Hands

The old Baird estate on Baker avenue, set to citrus fruits, has changed hands. A Mr. Gilder of Los Angeles being the new owner, the Baird estate accepting in exchange an 80-acre ranch in Perris, Cal. Mr. Gilder expects to make many improvements in his new holdings, although he will continue to make his home in Los Angeles. Edwin Bowman will still occupy the big ranch home on the place until he decides to build on his own 20-acre grove on the highway. Mr. Gilder also owns a 10-acre Valencia grove in Whittier.

More Activity

The 20-acre Atencio place on Baker avenue, part of the old Baird estate some six years ago, is being set out to young lemon trees by the new owner, Mr. Clark of Long Beach. The two houses on the place have been moved away to make room for the trees and new pipe line. In spite of frosts, fruit pests and fungus, the citrus industry booms on, and well it may, for it has come to stay—like everything else, it has its troubles, but with peace coming and prosperous times in sight, we can salute the orange and the lemon in all truth with, "Hail the conquering hero has come!"

Chaffey High Senior Play

The South Side was well represented last Friday evening at the interesting little college play given at the Chaffey Union high school by the senior class. James Whtison gave a very good representation of "Obadiah Jinks," a difficult character to portray, being a hard-headed, small-town type old man, opposed to the "movies and such like"; the make-up was unusually clever and rounded out the comedy in fine shape. Miss Dorothy Van Wagenen, one of our Cucamonga local girls, won many compliments for her acting in the High Brow part of "Evangeline," a sweet and dignified country girl (if there are any country girls in these modern and progressive days). All in all, it was quite a star cast, with Miss Helen Mertz doing the star part as the fascinating movie queen, "Isabel Martin," and Awdry Armstrong as the hero, "Hiram Jinks." Miss Nora Leahy, as "Mrs. Bumsky," a scrub woman of the "gum chewing type," brought down the house.

Auto parties from here were Messrs. John Whitson, Jas. Whitson, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Whitson, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Bishop, Mrs. E. Rowe, Mr. Sam Rowe, Miss Mildred Rowe, Messrs. Rolland McKennett, Homer Stipe, Misses Bessie Stipe, Maud Garrard, Anna Phillips, Thelma Markham, Mrs. F. B. Van Fleet, Nelson, Katherine and Theresa Van Fleet and Mr. Leo Lucas and party.

Chicken Thieves Again!

Early Tuesday morning, F. W. Stanbridge, rancher on South Archibald avenue, reported the loss of 70 blooded Barred Rock hens, valued at between $100 and $150. It is thought professionals looted the roosts, making away with their spoils in an automobile. The footprints of two men were found by Mr. Stanbridge, where they had cut the wire fence to gain entrance into the chicken corral. They left their motor car, evidently, at the Guasti school house near by and carried the biddies from their roosts to the car in sacks. This makes the fourth robbery of this kind reported. Looks as though we would have to dig preparedness trenches and fill with gas bombs around our chicken pens—at prices prevailing on poultry and hen fruit today and to come.

Union Mission

In these days of dire unrest, uncertainty and calamity, should there not be more interest shown in our churches, more earnestness of purpose and active se vice rendered? Lock up our automobiles and hasten to the place of worship; let our thoughts turn from the sordid cares of life to things divine and we will all feel within us the throbbing of renewed grace and be better fitted for the daily walk of life. Next Sunday, at the Mission, will be of special interest, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Jacquemin, sweet and talented singers in several musical numbers, and a warm welcome for one and all, to worship with us.

Pasto Chafe last Sabbath morning preached from I Peter 5:10, "But the God of all grace hath called us unto his eternal glory by Christ Jesus, after that ye suffered awhile. Make you perfect, stablish, strengthen, settle you," saying, in part, that through Peter, God has shown us our inheritance; an incorruptible, undefiled and faithful inheritance that God has provided, one that will never pass away and reserved in heaven for us. Keep your eyes upon the wonderful things God has provided. When great trials come into our lives, we should buckle on the armor of God, with a holiness of heart and purpose casting all your care upon Him; for He careth for you.

The evening topic was "Yet must be born again," a strong sermon, full of living and sharp-edged truths.

A glad welcome for all at the "Church of the Open Door."

THE IDEAL WALNUT

In a discussion as to the walnut and its culture L. D. Bachelor of the experiment station staff at Riverside gave as his idea of the ideal:

"Before taking up a discussion of the merits of our present day varieties of walnuts, it will be well to consider the characteristics which may be looked for in a so-called 'ideal variety.' It is not to be expected that an ideal or perfect variety of walnut will ever be found any more than a perfect apple, a perfect orange, or a perfect man. An ideal is necessary, however, as a guide in any progressive undertaking, and the more nearly we approach such an ideal, the greater our success.

"Heavy production is the first and most important quality. A fancy market nut may be unprofitable if the tree is a light producer. The average production for the state is less than 1000 pounds per acre, amounting to about 50 pounds per tree. This low yield is due in part to the wide variation among our seedling trees. Certain trees in a grove may produce as high as 200 pounds, while others may average less than 20 pounds. Since individual mature grove trees produce as high as 200 pounds of nuts as a yearly average, this figure should not be considered as too high a standard to set. Many solitary trees with plenty of room for top and root development will exceed this standard nearly 100 per cent. Due observance should be made, however, that such trees usually experience ideal environment conditions for the development of the one individual, while trees in a grove are keenly competing with each other for sunlight and moisture.

"Precociousness or ability to reach profitable bearing at an early age is a desirable character in any fruit if this tendency does not impair the future usefulness of the tree. Whereas the 'prolific' variety will possibly average 30 pounds of nuts per tree the fourth year, most varieties now grown will fall short of this standard about 50 per cent.

"The character of the nuts of varieties and seedling trees varies widely and may make a difference of nearly 100 per cent in the selling price. Commercial seedling nuts are graded in three sizes, namely: which will pass through a square hole 11-32 of an inch in diameter; the first grade will not pass through the 11-32-inch hole but will drop through a 13-8-inch square opening; a third grade includes all nuts known as the Jumbo grade. By far the greatest commercial demand is for the medium sized or first grade nut. Regardless of size, the nuts should be uniform in shape and relatively smooth, presenting the appearance of standardized product. This is not possible with seedling trees for although this product is graded strictly for size, the nuts vary in shape to a considerable extent. Of course these last two points, uniformity and smoothness, are simply market fancies, but there is a commercial premium of three or four cents per pound on them harvesting processes, becoming conis of minor importance as the bleaching process makes up for a deficiency in this regard. The shell should be of medium thickness and well sealed so it will pass through the packing house machinery without injury, and yet it should be easily cracked with a small nut cracker. The very thin shelled varieties are apt to crack open during the havesting processes, becoming contaminated and spoil in storage. They are also more apt to be injured by sunburn and perforation than the thick shelled sorts. The meat should crack out whole. It should be plump, light colored, filled out evenly, pleasant flavored and should compose about 50 per cent of the total weight of the nut. There is very little stress laid on quality according to the present commercial grading so long as the nut is not actually bitter; however, as the named varieties become better known and sold under their true names the public is certain to put a premium on good quality as they do with food stuffs. There is a decided antipathy at present for the dark kerneled nuts and better prices are realized for the light meated varieties when other characters are at all equal.

"The blooming season of the different varieties may have considerable bearing on their adaptation to certain localities. The French varieties, as the Franquette, and Mayette; and the Eureka are from one to two months later than the soft shell seedlings in starting growth in the spring. The factor of lateness may avoid frosts and make such varieties preferable for the cooler sections. It seems to be a matter of observation that the late blooming varieties also avoid blight infections to some degree during most seasons; while the early varieties often encounter damp weather which is favorable to the spread of this disease. The tendency for the variety to either avoid or resist the blight is a very important consideration. Whereas no perfectly immune variety has ever been discovered, nevertheless a varying amount of injury is a matter of common observation in studying the several varieties now being propagated.

"A consideration of the adaptation of varieties to the various soil and climatic conditions of the state is of prime importance in choosing the sort for one's local conditions. Although the French types are successfully grown in Central and Northern California and in Oregon, they are a total failure in the chief walnut sections of the South. Even greater sensitiveness to environment may be observed in comparing the behavior of the Francette and Eureka grown in Santa Clara and San Joaquin valleys. The Franquette seems to be adapted to conditions found in the Santa Clara valley whereas the Eureka thrives best in the San Joaquin valley. Certain varieties may endure the adversity of a light sandy soil much better than their surrounding neighbors. The densely foliated sorts should withstand to a greater degree than the sparsely leaved ones, the high temperature and low humidity of the inland valleys; sunburning of the twigs, trunks and nuts is a serious factor to be contended with in such localities. As our knowledge of varieties increases everything points to an eventual production of a greater number of varieties, each of which will be especially adapted to a particular soil and climatic condition. In selecting varieties for the new sections, a thorough study should be made of the few trees of the locality and the behavior of varieties to the various soil and climatic conditions."

IF YOU THINK YOU WORK HARD, READ THIS

If you think you are overworked, read what this writer in Farm and Fireside has to say about his job on a farm, although if it were typical, nobody would be left in the pursuit of agriculture:

Mon., May 1, my wife, boys, and I moved on to a ranch. It was told that my work would consist in taking care of six head of mules, one buggy horse, milk the cow, get in some wood at the owner's house, and put in nine hours in the field at work.

"Well, I found that I was expected to be in the field and start the team promptly at 7 o'clock (one field was one and a half miles from the barn), stop the team at 12, take them to water, half a mile from the wagon, feed them, eat a cold dinner, winter or summer, and be hitched up ready to move at 1 o'clock, work until 5, drive to the house, put the mules away, split wood for the range in the kitchen, carry enough large chunks for three heating stoves, milk the cow and a young heifer, feed six head of mules, the horse, carry water about 75 yards for three head of calves, pump water by hand for all the stock, eat my supper, and if there was any time left to get any sleep, well and good."

THE PRICE
The Price
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The Price

Alfalfa Hay
Alfalfa Hay
Alfalfa Hay
Alfalfa Hay
Alfalfa Hay
Alfalfa Hay
ALFALFA HAY

Looking into the future you can see two pyramids, Hay, standing on its apex, and The Price, standing firmly on its base. Moral: Get ready for winter early. Some one must shelter hay for winter. We can store 200 tons. You are welcome to some all along at market price. We grow more than we can store. Splendid cow hay now on hand.

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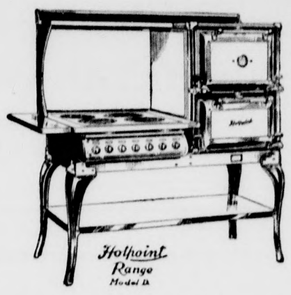

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THROUGH THE KINGDOM OF THE ORANGE

$2.50 PAYS ALL Transportation EXPENSE Including All Side Trips and RESERVED SEAT

Upland to San Bernardino Riverside Redlands

And All Their Scenes of Beauty

Tours of Mission Inn, Sherman Indian School and World-Famed Magnolia Avenue

Drive over Beautiful Smiley Heights with magnificent view of San Timoteo Valley and the Majestic San Bernardino Mountains

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Society

Shower—Engagement Announced—

The fact that spring and Cupid have been playing havoc among the Circle Girls was again forcibly brought to its members on Tuesday evening when they were entertained at the home of the Misses Haury on Euclid avenue. Cecile Brunner roses and other decorations suggestive of May Day, were tastily used in making the rooms attractive for the occasion.

After the meeting was called to order by the new president, Miss Linda Schmidt, and the usual business adjusted, Miss Onnie Eymann, whose engagement to Mr. Harry Ledig was recently announced, was overwhelmingly surprised when at 9 o'clock a huge May basket, decorated in pink crepe paper and tulle, loaded with beautiful gifts and covered with Cecile Brunnner roses, was left at the door for her. The basket was then brought in and the gifts unwrapped in the presence of the guests.

But this was not all. During the serving of refreshments, Mrs. John Rahn, one of the members of the entertainment committee, cleverly announced the engagemennt of her sister, Miss Gussie Weber, to Mr. John C. Dester, of Deer Creek, Oklahoma, on appropriate little hearts which were placed in the individual May basket favors.

Miss Weber, the charming bride-to-be, is the youngest daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Weber of Cucamonga, and a sister of Dr. A. L. Weber, of this city, and has many friends in this community. Like so many other affairs, the beginning of this romance dates back to the time when the two young people met each other in an Eastern college. The prospective groom is the oldest son of Mr. J. S. Dester, a prominent business man of northern Oklahoma, and is now associated with his father in business.

The hostesses of the evening were assisted in serving by Miss Irma Thomas and Mrs. John Rahn. The guests for this occasion were the Misses Ruth Ledig, Leah Schwan, Clara Kuehny and Martha Camp. Three new members, the Misses Esther Baer, Pearl Ledig, and Bertha Schmidt, were also welcomed into the circle.

Frances Paul Girls Meet—

On Monday evening the Frances Paul Girls were very glad to have Mr. Ed. Harwood with them, who gave them an unusually interesting talk on "Present Conditions in Mexico."

Mr. Harwood, who can base his knowledge of existing facts upon his own experiences in Mexico, gave his hearers a most comprehensive view of the situation in that country. The speaker was greatly aided by showing a number of lantern slides which were enlarged from photographs that were taken during his travels in Mexico. The class was especially delighted with the scenic beauties of this remarkable country just next door to us, and also with the wonderful structures, driveways, etc., in Mexico City. Mr. Ernest Fischer manipulated the slides.

The hostesses for the evening, Mrs. John Craig and Miss Elizabeth Jones, served delicious coffee and sandwiches after the program.

Woman's Club Notes—

The Upland Woman's Club had an unusually good meeting last Friday afternoon. Interesting reports were given of the county convention at Rialto. After the business meeting the new officers were given a reception. Miss Isaacs and Miss Jacobs furnished the musical numbers which were excellent and both responded to hearty encores. The club and their guests then spent a delightful and most instructive hour with Mrs. George Tillotson Barr, president of the Current Events club of Ontario, who talked and read from "Some New Books." Mrs. Lansing T. Vedder and Mrs. C. K. Francisco presided at the tea table during the social hour.

The club enthusiastically voted to take up Red Cross work for an indefinite period. The two open dates, May 11 and 25, will be given over to Red Cross. The club will be divided into two circles to go to the Red Cross rooms to sew during the week. Mrs. Harry Flowers and Mrs. N. H. Joughin were appointed the heads of the divisions.

The next meeting of the club, on May 11, will be a most important one. Every member is expected to be present.

Merry Wives—

After a three weeks' intermission, the Merry Wives Embroidery club will be the guest of Mrs. W. L. Brown on Friday afternoon of this week.

Rebekah Banquet—

Last Friday night a splendid banquet was served by a committee of Rebekahs to the Rebekah members. A delicious menu was served with Mrs. E. P. Fuller in charge. Following the supper the regular Friday night meeting was held.

Reunion Picnic—

Sunday, April 29, was an enjoyable day at the home of R. S. Bussey on Twelfth street when they had a reunion of the family and a few close friends. The dinner was served at one o'clock in cafeteria style, which consisted of bread and butter, sandwiches, meat loaf, chicken, rabbit, baked beans, potatoes, pickles, a variety of salads, pie, a variety of cakes, and coffee.

After dinner each one enjoyed himself in the afternoon conversations and making pictures. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Bussey, Mr. and Mrs. Kyle Bussey, and Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Powers, Mrs. Milton of Riverside, Misses Clara Bussey and Emma Zimmerman, Truman Bussey, George Perry, Frank Strange, Mr. Henry Day, Mr. and Mrs. Pease Day and children Welcome, Glenn, Maxie and little sybil of Chino, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Browning, little Garey and Mildred Browning and Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Bussey of Claremont, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur C. Bussey and little Katherine of Sixth street, Ontario.

May Day Social—

The ladies of the First M. E. church have decided that the first day of May shall not pass unnoticed by them. Last year they innovated the May Day breakfast which proved a great success, but owing to the H. C. L. at the present time, decided to hold instead a May Day social with a free-will offering for our new Sunday school building to be known as Crowell Memorial hall.

The women of the churches divided into groups or circles of perhaps twenty members each with a leader. The president of the aid, together with the leaders, prepared a short, spicy program and each circle furnished an original number, with the result that a very happy afternon was spent and an offering of $56.25 received.

Mrs. Charles Wentworth favored the audience with two well rendered readings. Mrs. J. Lynward Grahame charmingly sang two solos, and Miss Marjorie Reynolds and Miss Daphne Tuttle added to the pleasure of the guests by their choice readings.

The presentation of each offering was made in a unique manner. Dear Grandma Funk, the oldest member of the church, was crowned queen of the May.

In keeping with the times, an original song to the tune of the Star Spangled Banner was sung, and the Goddess of Liberty appeared.

Little Alice Smith gracefully presented a large, tastifully arranged May basket.

The muse of poetry found expression with many to the delight of the assembled guests.

Dainty refreshments and a social hour followed.

Shamrock Club—

The Shamrock club met with Mrs. Chilson Wednesday, May 2. The annual election of officers was held and the following were elected for the coming year: Mrs. Chilson, president; Mrs. Erixon, secretary; Mrs. Hartley, treasurer. The house was beautifully decorated with roses. The hostess, assisted by her daughter, Miss Lucille, served dainty refreshments. Mrs. McAdams was the invited guest. Those present were Mrs. Andrews, Mrs. Eckerman, Mrs. Cunningham, Mrs. Deets, Mrs. Price, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Willard, Mrs. Fisher, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Teal, Mrs. Erixon, Mrs. McAdams, and Mrs. Hartley.

Governor to the Federation—

A stirring and emphatic appeal to the women of the California Federated clubs was made by Gov. William D. Stephens yesterday, at the opening session of the sixteenth annual convention in Hotel Maryland, Pasadena, when he asked that they reduce the waste of foodstuffs to a minimum and husband their resources to the utmost, avoiding excitement and hysteria, but creating enthusiasm and active cooperation wherever possible.

His address, informal and quiet, but full of thought, made an impression of serious interest upon the convention. In part he said:

"We are today facing a situation which calls for the concerted efforts of the women of California. There is need of strong, state-wide organization, such as this wonderful Federation of Women's clubs. We are engaged in war. The highest efficiency and the United energy of American citizenship is required.

Food Question Important

"To the end that we shall be in the best possible condition to withstand the strain that war must of necessity impose, it is important that we husband our resources to the utmost. Waste of food products must be reduced to the minimum. We must likewise set about to produce and conserve all kinds of food staples, so as to make our own people secure against want, and at the same time do our part towards feeding the millions who will be called from productive pursuits to assume, in one form or another, the duty of defense.

"Cooperation in this direction is but one of the many practical ways by which the women of California, through their clubs, can help in this great crisis. Work in conjunction with the Red Cross, work of sanitation, home economics and kindred activities—all these furnish avenue for service which will demand the careful supervision and control that comes only through organization."

A telegram was received from Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles, president of the general federation of clubs, who was called to Washington, which expressed a fine spirit of patriotism, reading:

"Call to service rings so loudly and imperatively that no one could fail to respond. I am confidently expecting the California federation to rise to the occasion. Sink all personal preferences and touch the high water in the mobilization of the women of our beloved state for the nation and humanity."

SCHOOL TEACHERS GATHER IN FINE SESSION

To the twenty elementary teachers who attended the meeting of the San Bernardino County Teachers' association from Upland and Ontario and enjoyed the program of the elementary school section, a more full report than that accorded in the general report would seem to be worth while to the people of this community.

The first paper of the afternoon was presented by Miss Fannie Noe of the Upland Grammar schools. In this paper pertaining to garden work in the grades, the speaker advanced many good arguments for emphasizing the home garden rather than the school garden. Patrons often criticise the schools for apparent lack of interest in the matter of gardens, because the school gardens have been made less of recently than formerly. Experience has taught that limited time, inability to prevent the destruction of the school gardens by animals and people, limited number of products that can be harvested before the close of school, etc., seem to justify us in advocating the home garden for pupils. Upland has agreed to furnish water at a reduced rate for this purpose.

The second speaker, J. W. Groves, of the Ontario grammar schools, his subject being the "Binet-Simon Tests." This subject was treated by giving the teachers present an actual test for average adults. By handling the subject in this manner each teacher was enabled to judge of the worth of the system for certain purposes as the tests used in the Ontario schools. Explanations of the various tests were offered and comments made showing how the modified tests may be made a tool in the hands of the skilled teacher for locating some of the difficulties encountered in the handling of children not up to grade.

The last speaker was Mr. Whitler of the Chino schools, who spoke upon the education of Mexican children. The speaker advocated many ideas that might be found to conflict slightly with the county course of study, but believed the changes would be beneficial to the persons most concerned—the Mexican children. Mr. Whitler was sure that the education of the Mexican children was of greater worth than past actions indicated. He described the future of these people, and offered suggestions that will certainly lead to betterment of the conditions in this part of the county at least. Two points emphasized by the speaker should be given broad publicity: first, that these children should be required to speak English more and Spanish less; second, that different kinds of handwork should be taught them, too, that taught the American children.

All these topics aroused the lively interest and each drew forth questions that indicated teh deep interest of the hearers. The west end o the county was exceedingly well represented. Several teachers were noticed from as far away as Victorville on the east side. The entire number noted at the morning session was 160, of these it was noted that 115 were in attendance at the elementary section in the afternoon.

A resolution was asked asking the county superintendent to make the subject of reading the main topic for study among the teachers of the elementary schools next year in their reading circle work and at the institute. This will include the bringing of some noted person like Gray or Buckingham to the Southern California Teachers' association for several related studies of the subject.

Uruguay finished a live stock census in January. It shows a total of 7,942,212 head of cattle in that country. The taking of this cattle census is only one of the various measures which the government is adopting for the development of its live stock industry, the chief source of the country's wealth.

The capacity of the national forest range is gradually being increased by protection against overgrazing and improved methods of handling the stock. New areas are also being brought into use by the development of watering places, while the eradication of poisonous plants is reducing the losses suffered by the stockmen.

SALAD PLANTS

Many of the wild plants that accompany the advent of spring can be used advantageously in the household. Before modern methods of marketing, storing, and preserving made it possible to have vegetables throughout the year, these plants were eagerly sought for by housekeepers to furnish relief from the monotonous winter fare. Even now they will form a welcome change, and, above all, they may be had for the trouble of picking, as substitutes for purchased greens.

Foremost among these plants is the dandelion. Its use as a vegetable is so common that it is sold in many city markets. Occasionally it is cultivated by market gardeners, but much more frequently the plants sold are wild ones, and ought to cost less than cultivated greens. When some one in the family can dig them near home, there can be no doubt as to the economy of using them. If they are taken from the lawn, there is the further advantage of removing a troublesome weed—providing always that the digging is carefully done. Only the dandelion should be pulled, not the grass around it, and the root should be removed, not broken off at the top, else several crowns of leaves may grow in the place of one. As in most stem and leaf vegetables, the texture and flavor are both best when the plants are young.

Growing as they do close to the surface of the ground, dandelion greens are likely to be full of earth and grit, and must be carefully washed and rinsed in several waters. The water in which they have just been rinsed should never be poured out of the pan over the greens, but the greens should be lifted out of the water, so that the dirt which has settled to the bottom may not get back on the leaves, and for the same reason the cooked "greens" should be lifted out of the water in which they are boiled.

The most common way of using dandelion is as a potherb, or greens. As with most green vegetables, it is a mistake to cook them more than is needed to make them tender. If they are boiled with one-eighth teaspoonful (level) of cooking soda to each quart of greens used, they will keep their color better. Young dandelions may also be used uncooked as salad, a custom less common in this country than in Europe, where the tender plants are sometimes blanched like asparagus. If more dandelions are available than can be used while they are fresh, they may be preserved for future use. They may be canned by the method used by the canning clubs for spinach, or they may be "put down" in salt, according to a household method. In many homes it is a common practice to preserve dandelion greens with salt in tsone crocks, putting in first a layer of greens, then a layer of salt, then more greens, and so on, until the crock is filled. The dandelions are then covered with a close-fitting plate or board, on which a weight (a clean piece of marble or a stone) is placed to keep the greens packed solid.

Other wild plants used as potherbs are curly dock, pigweed or lamb's quarters, chickweed, mustard shoots, purple milkweed shoots, young horse-radish leaves, march marigold (sometimes called American cowslip), poke sprouts, pepper cress, purslane or "pusley," and in the Southewestern states some sorts of cactus leaves and stalks. If the bitter or acrid flavor is too strong, as is frequently the case with horse-radish leaves or poke sprouts, for example, it may be lessened by changing the water once or twice during cooking. Rightly cooks, all of the plants mentioned are harmless. Marsh marigold is sometimes said to be harmful, but this is not the case with the cooked greens.

A little later in the season a few other potherbs appear, which, though cultivated rather than wild, are so seldom utilized that to use them means as much saving as if no care had been spent to raise them. Among these are the tops of turnips, radishes, beets, and onions, all of which may be cooked like spinach or dandelion. The onion tops should be cut up into inch lengths before cooking. They are excellent served on toast. Cabbage sprouts are also a favorite when they are obtainable.

There are also a few salad plants to be had for the picking. Like all food materials, eaten without cooking, they must be very carefully washed before using. Water cress is perhaps the one most generally known. It is also cultivated. It should never be eaten if it has been grown where there is any chance of contamination from typhoid fever or other disease. This is true of any vegetable that is uncooked, but must be remembered especially in connection with plants growing near water, since the latter may have carried the disease germs a long way from the place where the illness was. Pepper grass or pepper cress is another wild plant useful for flavoring other salads, if too sharp to use alone. Sorrel may also be used to give a pleasant acid taste to lettuce or other mild-flavored salads, though the ordinary wild kind is too sour to use in quantity as a potherb like the varieties cultivated for that purpose.

Of plants cultivated in the flower garden the leaves and unripe seeds of nasturtiums may be mentioned as a seasoning for salads.

In 1915 the United States imported more than 3,837,000 pounds of soy beans, valued at approximately $87,000; nearly 6,000,000 pounds of cake, valued at $64,000; and over 19,000,000 pounds of oil, valued at nearly $900,000.

The area devoted to the cultivation of tobacco in the United States in 1915 was 1,368,400 acres. The production of tobacco was 1,060,587,000 pounds, and the farm value on December 1, 1915, $96,041,000.

Colonial Theatre

TONIGHT

LEONORE ULRICH in

"HER OWN PEOPLE"

TOMORROW (Friday)

GLADYS HULETTE in

"THE SHINE GIRL"

SATURDAY

SESSUE HAYAKAWA in

"EACH TO HIS KIND"

Announcement

Beginning Thursday, May 3, the prices of our Bread will be:

Large Loaf 12c

Small Loaf 6c

BOSTON BAKERY

TO BREAD BUYERS

Beginning Thursday, May 3, our bread will be sold as follows:

Large Loaves 12c, Small 6c

Quality Always up to Standard

Clark's Bide-a-'Wile

Upland, California

Buy your Groceries

where you always get the Quality, Service and Right Prices

Our Danish Butter is without exception the best that money can buy. Burnett's Extracts are known as the best the world over. We have them. Our Searchlight and Blue Tip Matches are FULL COUNT and are worth 5c. Try our Ravalli brand Rolled Oats. One pound and five ozs. at 10c. Corn Flakes are still 3 for 25. Snider's and Olney's Catsup, large size, 25c. We have a new Coffee, The Highway Brand, which we believe is the best 30-cent coffee we ever had. Over 30 different grocers have come and gone, in Upland, since we have been here. Why? Satisfaction or your money back.

JOHNSON & BROWN, THE GROCERS

PHONE 402, UPLAND, CAL.

Boys' Spring Suits

Pinch-Back Models

$5.00

(With one pair knickers)

You owe it to yourself to inspect this line

CAMPBELL'S READY-TO-WEAR SHOP

UPLAND, CAL.

Don't Fail to Read—This Space for the Exclusive Use of

M. F. PALMER

Real Estate, Insurance, Loans, Mortgages Contracts, Deeds, Escrows, Certificates of Title. Notary Public

I cannot exactly say that "My ancestors came from old Sparta," but I can truthfully say that they have taken part in every struggle for liberty and freedom since the landing at Plymouth. I have expected the call since I was old enough to march, but fortunately until this time our nation has been at peace. Now I am not eligible for active service. But I will answer the call to use my physical and mental ability with the army of food producers. We must feed the great army at the front and the army of children and dependents at home. One man can do so much. If you are not capable for the great struggle at arms, it is your duty to get into the drill of producing some kind of foodstuff. There is abundance of good land and now is the time to lay hold. Farming is now on a higher plane than ever before. Until this war is over I will expect to be active in farming and helping start others. I have small tracts and large that should be occupied. Let me help you. If I should happen to be absent when you need my services, either in insuarnce, Building and Loan matter, or any other business matter, Mr. M. H. Bordwell will give it careful attention.

Yours truly,

M. F. Palmer

Wants After the Fishing Trip:

Sunburn Remedies, Cold Cream and Powders, Poison Oak Remedies (We've the only sure one.)

AND LINIMENT

Our Limbering Oil is the greatest dope ever for loosening up those stiff, stove-up joints.

GET IT AT

COLLINS' PHARMACY

The Drug Store with the Service

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We have your favorite magazine

THE NEWS - $1.50 Per Year

LOCAL NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Jacobs entertained Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Herwick and family, of Venice, over Sunday.

A party of Upland people motored down to Chino to attend a dance given at the Schmidt residence, among them being Mr. and Mrs. John G. Jacobs, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bell, Miss Vevle Bell and Mr. Bailey.

Don't forget the big sale May 4 at the Elite Millinery. 51t1

Mrs. Elliott, of Long Beach, has rented the Atwood residence on San Antonio Heights, and is living there with her two little sons, and her niece. Mr. Elliott, who owns a drug store at the beach, motors up every Saturday to spend the week-end with his family. They are delighted with the climate of Upland and hope to locate here permanently in the near future.

Wright's Silver Cream. Nothing better on the market. See Palis the Jeweler. 51t1

An interesting program was given by the pupils of the Eighteenth street school last Friday, the first item being a dramatic rendering of the story of William Tell. Five girls sang "Tipperary' 'in a spirited manner, and after a little speech by girls representing the days of the week, every one joined in "The Star Spangled Banner," and the American Hymn.

To operate your automobile successfully keep your batteries well charged. Battery charging at the F. C. Thomas Garage. 24tf

Mr. and Mrs. William Springer left on Sunday for a fishing expedition in Ventura county. They motored to Los Angeles, and met a party of friends who continued the trip with them to Malija Springs. They have a well-equipped camping outfit and expect a very enjoyable trip, returning about Friday with plenty of trout.

Mr. B. W. Spencer motored up from the Imperial valley on Friday, returning Sunday evening.

Pay cash for your meat and save money. Zweigart's Cash Market. 21tf

Miss Edith Hanson attended a dance given at the Cumnock School of Expression in Los Angeles last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Dinger and family enjoyed a long motor ride on Sunday afternoon, visiting friends in Glendora.

Storage—Parties desiring to store furniture, etc. Inquire at Klindt's Grocery. 47tf

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Weatherbee, Miss Gladys Cole, Mrs. Leahy, and Miss Nora Leahy drove to Los Angeles on Monday.

Ten dollar orders delivered free. Stanley's Cash Grocery. 51t1

Ten of the leading members of the Cooper, Coate & Casey Wholesale Dry Goods company of Los Angeles spent a portion of Saturday afternoon visiting their many customers in this locality. The J. J. Atwood company acknowledges a pleasant call from these live wire business makers and business getters, who have done so much toward making it possible to get good merchandise so near home. Come again, gentlemen. J. J. A. Co.

Peanut Butter 15c, at Stanley's Cash Grocery. 51t1

Mr. Orin Ruth arrived home from Arizona last Saturday morning and left again for Woodlake, Cal., on Sunday evening. Mr. Ruth and Mr. Paul Krehbiel of Reedley have bought out a hardware store in Woodlake and Mr. Ruth has gone up to take charge of the business.

Gray enamelware at old prices. See our ten cent assortment in the window. Haury's. 51t1

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Bergthold of Newcastle, Cal., Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bergthold of New York, and their cousin, Mrs. Case of Pasadena, called on Upland and Cucamonga friends last Monday. The whole party with the exception of Mrs. Case, motored down from Newcastle in Mr. Bergthold's car.

Mr. W. A. Rupp spent Monday in Los Angeles.

We have one of the best wedding rings on the market. Better see us before buying. Palis the Jeweler. 51t1

Miss Meta Ruth left Wednesday afternoon on No. 4 on the Santa Fe for an extended visit in Moundridge, Kansas, and other points in that state and Oklahoma.

Mr. Marshall of the Mennonite sanitarium spent a portion of this week at the Loma Linda sanitarium, and returned to the local sanitarium today.

Correct and exclusive millinery at extremely low prices. Sale begins Friday morning, May 4, at the Elite Millinery. 51t1

Mrs. Charles Jennison on West Fifteenth street, received news of the death of her sister, Mrs. Abott, of Brighton, Colo., this week.

A number of Upland people heard the home concert of the Pomona college girls' glee club at Claremont last evening and were agreeably surprised at the splendid type of work done by the girls.

Rev. A. S. Shelley left Saturday morning for Escondido and had charge of the Mennonite pulpit there last Sunday. Rev. Shelley returned yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Penner and two children left last Saturday for several weeks' visit with friends in Paso Robles.

Graduation presents. We have them of every description. Palis the Jeweler. 51t1

Mrs. F. H. Manker, for the public library, and Miss Ruth Duncan, for the grammar school library, were in Los Angeles Monday buying books. Miss Munroe of the Ontario public library was also a visitor on Monday with the same purpose in view. Mrs. Endell Moremen accompanied Miss Duncan in.

Special sale on all trimmed hats at the Elite Millinery beginning Friday morning, May 4. 51t1

Mrs. Lansing T. Vedder went to Pasadena Tuesday to spend a couple of days at the convention, California Federation of Women's Clubs, now in session at Hotel Maryland. Mrs. R. C. Norton and Mrs. N. G. Pehl were elected delegates from the local Woman's club and expect to be in attendance also, as does Mrs. George Cable.

Don't forget finest cuts of meat at the lowest price at Zweigart's Cash Market. 21tf

Mrs. R. F. Lemon was a Los Angeles visitor Monday.

Miss Viola Manker entered the San Antonio hospital Monday as a probationer. Miss Georgia Wallis of Pomona entered at the same time.

Mrs. H. Waterman leaves Sunday for the annual meeting of Rebekah assembly. She will be accompanied by Mr. Waterman.

Better buy Challenge Butter, sold exclusively at Stanley's Cash Grocery. 51t1

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Stewart accompanied their daughter, Miss Agnes, into Los Angeles Monday.

St. Mark's Guild will hold its annual business meeting next Monday, March 7, at the home of Mrs. C. A. Moore, 223 West I street, Ontario. Officers will be elected for the coming year and all members are urged to be present. Business will commence at 2:30.

Mrs. McAbroy, Mrs. John Byron Goodrich, Helen and Bertha Goodrich, Clara Blakeslee and Mr. Hartyler motored to San Gabriel to see the Mission Play last week. The party were the guests of Mrs. Blakeslee who drove them in her seven-passenger car. Mr. Hartyler was a former resident of Upland, but lives in Arizona now. He has been visiting at the Blakeslee home for a few weeks.

Let us repair your watch. We do the work satisfactorily. Palis the Jeweler. 51t1

Mr. and Mrs. McLean from Omaha, Neb., are visiting their daughter, Mrs. H. B. Taylor, on Wilson avenue. They are delighted with this part of the country, and may decide to locate here permanently.

Rev. R. C. Stone of the Presbyterian church called the News office that morning and stated that he believed the flag floating from the steeple of the Presbyterian church was the highest of any in the city.

Don't forget finest cuts of meat at the lowest price at Zweigart's Cash Market. 21tf

As a result of a combination of lights, rain, and a wet windshield, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Maxwell were knocked down at Third and Tenth street Saturday night by the Duley automobile, Everett Duley driving. Mrs. Maxwell was not injured but the county Y. M. C. A. secretary was bumped rather hard, breaking his collar bone and cutting a gash in his head. Mr. Maxwell is out again.

Additional subscriptions received by the local Red Cross during the week are as follows: N. G. Pehl, $5; Citizens Land & Water company, $15; C. P. Fuller, $2.50; Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Flowers, $10; total, $32.50. Previous donations, $1126.33; grand total, $1158.83.

Next Friday evening, May 4, the Chess club will meet at the home of Mr. W. B. Allen, Sixth street and College avenue, Claremont. All the members are cordially invited to attend. Any chess player who may care to join the club, or play a game of chess, will be heartily welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Beekly of Long Beach were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Kirk on Wednesday.

Mr. Frank Pratt of Minneapolis, Minn., who has been wintering in Southern California and visiting especially with Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Titus and Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Titus of Upland, left Tuesday on No. 4 on the Santa Fe for his home.

Mrs. Winger of Chicago, and Mrs. Harry Griffin and children of Los Angeles were week-end guests of Mrs. D. J. Wilson on Washington boulevard.

Mrs. F. L. Purvis came up from his ranch near Redlands and spent several days in Upland on business.

David Shultz died at the home of his son, L. E. Shultz, South Euclid avenue, Ontario, Wednesday evening, at the age of 74 years 10 mos. 6 days. He leaves an aged widow, one son who is well known in Upland, a daughter, Mrs. Laura Johnson, St. Paul, Neb., a son, Charles, Pratt, Kas., a son, H. A. Shultz, of Lake Bay, Wash. The funeral services will be held at the Draper chapel Friday, May 4, at 2:30, Rev. Nerry will have charge, at the chapel, and the G. A. R. will officiate at the grave.

T. K. Vernon and "Hi" Bachman were among those of Upland to seek members of the finny tribe in the mountainous sections above San Bernardino.

ORANGE GROWERS URGED TO COOPERATE WITH COMPANY

Indications are that the Rex company, under the management of John D. Howe, will soon be one of the important factors in making use of cull oranges. Recently a machine was started at the former shoe factory which prepares orange peel for the Easter ntrade. Although there have been many delays Mr. Howe states that the outlook is excellent and believes that if growers will cooperate with the company during its early experiments the result will be a higher price paid for good pick ups, which ordinarily are classed as culls.

At the present time the Rex company is paying 10c a field box for good pick ups, and one grower delivered 125 boxes to the Rex plant the other day and received $12.50 for same. The future outlook of the Rex company is good and by growers cooperating with the company at this time will result in their getting a better price for culls in the days to come.

BARBERS COULDN'T AGREE; PRICES NOT TO ADVANCE

The price of haircuts failed to advance within the city of Upland all because local barbers were unable to agree on the overhead of shaving the hair from a man's neck.

It was rumored throughout the city last week that the price of haircuts was to advance to 35c, while a shave was to remain 15c, but if the artist removed the bristles from behind your ears 5c more was to be assessed.

As the result of the discussion and difference of opinion between local barbers there has been no advance in prices and vox populi rejoices.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

The enterprise of the people of Upland shown in the Red Cross work was praised by Dr. Warmer of Ontario in a talk before the student body at Chaffey, yesterday.

"We honor the people of Upland for the way they have led this community in Red Cross work," said Dr. Warmer, "and we hope that we in Ontario may follow them, and do if possible even a larger work than they have as yet undertaken."

Dr. Warmer called for twenty volunteers to take part in a campaign for members of the Red Cross chapter in Ontario. The slogan of the workers will be "A thousand members by Saturday night."

A hundred and sixty teachers of the county gathered at San Bernardino high school last Saturday for a meeting of the County Teachers' association. Principal Merton E. Hill is president of the associati n, and many of the teachers of this community took part in the program.

In the elementary session Miss Fannie D. Noe gave a paper discussing school gardens. Miss Noe explained the point that the school should encourage home gardens, and told of the offer of the Citizens Water company to furnish water at half rates for the irrigation of vacant lots that should be used for gardening.

Mr. Charles J. Booth of the agricultural department discussed the war-time responsibilities of the school, and Mrs. Lana M. C. Conger told of the community-serving activities of our high school.

The state fair opens in Sacramento September 8.

The California Prune and Apricot Growers' association is making a final campaign for membership.

Thousands of acres of lands in Butte, Glenn, Yuba, Colusa and Yolo counties have been leased by Hindus for rice planting.

Arbuckle, Colusa county, reports prospects for a heavy almond crop this year, the frost having done practically no damage.

The Glenn county farm bureau announces the following schedule: Orland April 16-17, Jacinto, 19-20, Elk Creek 23-24, Plaza 25-27.

The Nevada County Cannery association has disposed of its final lot of 12,590 pounds of dried pears. This closes out their 1916 pack.

The farm adviser of Solano county has made a survey of that county with the view of taking up marketing of live stock by auction sale.

The Menodcino Stockmen's association held a meeting recently at Ukiah. Protection of stock interests of the county was discussed.

At the Churches

Presbyterian

"Limiting the Infinite" is the subject for the morning service in the Presbyterian church. "God's Call for Men" is the subject for the evening service. Morning service at 11:00. Evening at 7:30. You will be glad if you come. So will the friends in the church. And the Lord will have found worshippers.

The Sabbath school meets at 9:30 a. m. C. E. Junior at 4:30 p. m., and C. E. Senior at 6:30. The Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 7:30. The Scout band meets at 7:00 sharp on Tuesday evening. It is very important that every Scout be present at every meeting.

Miss Ruth Paxon is to speak at the Woman's Missionary Meeting tomorrow evening at 7:30. This meeting is held in the evening that all friends who wish may attend. Miss Paxon was for five years a worker in China under the Y. W. C. A. All are invited.

First Methodist

"Kipling's 'If' and the Beatitudes" will be the theme for Mr. Wentworth's sermon next Sunday night, the special high-school age night. This will be a great service, because the young folks will be there, and they will make it great. Miss Marjoria Reynolds will sing a selected number. Mr. Stanton E. Smith of Ontario will play a saxophone solo, entitled "Shubert's Serenade."

The chorus, made up of young folks, will also sing a special number, and Mr. Wentworth has been asked to sing, and may do so.

In the morning, the theme of the sermon will be "Jerusalem."

Sunday school at 9:45.

Every one welcomed, and all come, who have no church home.

First Church of Christ, Scientist

Sunday services in the chapel on West B street, Ontario, at 11 a. m.

Subject for May 6, "Everlasting Punishment."

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Wednesday evening testimonial meeting at 7:45.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL NOTES

The program for the assembly on Friday morning will be given by Miss Watson's class and is as follows:

Pslam 24—Class.

Recitation, The Jumbles—Class.

Songs—Class.

Folk Dance—Group.

Dialogue, Medical Advice—Arthur Rust, Margaret Beattie. Patients, Randall Phillips, Beatrice Caldwell, Douglas Frick.

Recitation, Old Mother Hubbard—Elizabeth Born.

Dramatization of Old Mother Hubbard. Characters Old Mother Hubbard, Edith Lewis; Dog, Wilbur Stanley; Goat, Guadalupe Duran; Old Dame Tucker, Marian Hall; Joiner, Norman Abbott; Tailor, John Funk; Cobbler, Eugene Allen; Fairy, Ruth Dobbins.

The school yard was the scene of a very merry May party last Tuesday morning. The kindergarten and the two first grades celebrated the day in a manner most enjoyable to the little folks as well as a number of the mothers who were present. Their May baskets were found to contain an appetizing lunch underneath the flowers.

The eighth grade is rejoicing over the fact that the much dreaded county tests are to be no more. There are to be final examinations but the questions are to be made out by the teachers, not by the county board as heretofore.

The eighth grade elected officers on Wednesday afternoon. The result was a gain for the suffrage, for no boys were elected. Those chosen were: Hazel Rider, president; Geraldine Norton, vice-president; Ardys Bradley secretary-treasurer.

WOMEN'S DAY FESTIVAL

Elaborate preparations are being made by the women's organizations of Pomona college for the annual women's day festival, which will occur on Saturday, May 5. A varied and interesting program of events is being planned for the entire day, beginning with a girl's swimming carnival at the college swimming pool at 10:30 a. m., and culminating in the presentation of a May Day masque at the Greek theatre in the evening, under the auspices of the physical education department.

Women's clubs of surrounding towns and pupils of neighboring high school and junior colleges have received special invitations to the festival. The general public is invited to spend the day on the Pomona college campus, and to attend the evening performance, for which a small admission fee of 25 cents will be charged fo the benefit of the Red Cross.

From 12 to 2 o'clock a dansant luncheon will be held in the student's dining room at the Claremont Inn, for which the college orchestra will furnish music. At 2:30 p. m. the college varsity baseball team will meet the University of Redlands in a conference game on the Alumni field. Nation teas will be held at the various women's houses on the campus, 4 to 5:30, followed by a half hour of music in Bridges hall under the direction of Miss Eleanor Lee.

The masque, "A Key of Womanhood," will tell in pantomime and interpretative dancing a charming story written by Miss Mabel A. Stanford, a college senior, and well adapted to the natural setting of the Greek theatre. The parts of "The Boy" and "The Girl" will be taken by Misses Doris Carver and Clarice Spear respectively. Approximately fifty women will take part in the choruses, which will be made up of dryads, butterflies, virgins, and the rabble.

WILSON'S TOGGERY

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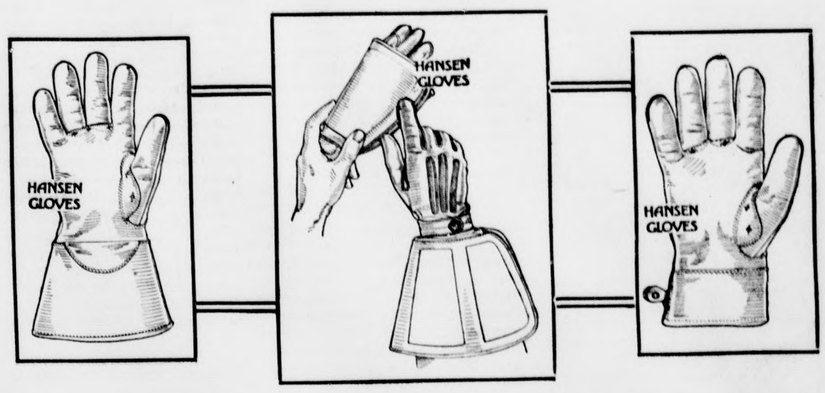

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64605—Little Boy Blue—John McCormick.
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18256—America, Here's My Boy—Peerless Male Quartette. Let's All Be Americans Now—Amer Male Quartette.

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THE UPLAND BOOK STORE

COUNTY TO PAY OFFICERS IN TRAINING CAMPS

Decision to pay six weeks' salary to county employees who are married, in the event they join the officers' reserve training camp, was made by the board of supervisors on Monday.

Should the government put the men in the camp during the training period, however, the order will be only for the difference in the county salary and the federal pay.

How many married men will come under the order is not yet determined. James Kemmerer, assistant county surveyor, went to Los Angeles to apply for a commission in the engineering corps. J. A. Sourwine, county surveyor, has already applied for a commission, and it is possible one other married man of the office will likewise apply. "Brud" Shay, who has passed the physical examination for the training camp, is a county employee, also in the surveyor's office, but is single.

There is a shortage of applications for the engineering corps.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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Cucamonga

Items of Interest Gathered by a News Special Correspondent in and About Cucamonga and Alta Loma

Most of the society of Cucamonga is occupied now with Red Cross work. Every one who isn't giving a benefit or planning for one in the near future, is kept busy attending them. The Red Cross has certainly started a new life in Cucamonga.

Mrs. G. S. Van Wagenen, at a silver tea Saturday afternoon, started a series of silver teas. Each of Mrs. Van Wagenen's guests, Mesdames L. A. Weller, M. W. Davenport, Herb Williams and W. E. Kincaid and Miss Gertrude Reid and Miss Lida Henry, will in turn give a tea, inviting six guests. These guests will do likewise, thus starting an endless chain. A small silver offering will be taken for the Red Cross, hence the name silver tea. As soon as the sewing is started the afternoons will be spent "sewing shirts for soldiers" in fact.

Miss Byers, teacher at Central school, spent the week-end at her home in San Bernardino.

Miss Frances Hov attended the teachers' convention at San Bernardino Saturday. She was accompanied by Miss Eva Campbell who spent the day shopping.

Mrs. Campbell of Alta Loma will entertain the Aloha Card club Friday night, at her home.

Raymond Gilbert spent Sunday in Los Angeles.

Herbert Goerlitz and Howard Kincaid motored to San Francisco this week-end (rather a hurried trip) to see Evans break the discus record, and Chaffey bring home eighth place in the state meet.

Miss Kate Motsinger will entertain in honor of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Smith on Saturday evening.

Charley Frye, Bill Kincaid, Billie Williams and "The Barber" motored with all camping and fishing traps to Bear valley Monday afternoon. Fishing season opened Tuesday.

Miss Sue Van Wagenen spent Sunday at home, returning to Patton Sunday night.

L. A. Weller motored to Colton on Monday afternoon, on business.

Alfred Davenport spent the week-end in Los Angeles.

Marvin Welch is certainly running in hard luck. Last week while visiting the Campbell home in Ontario he attempted to crank an auto which kicked. As a result Marvin is carrying his arm in a sling, quite a severe break.

Mr. Leonard Smith has taken and passed the examination for officer in the U. S. army and may be called upon at any time. From here he will go to San Francisco to the Presidio until further notice.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Weller and Miss Lida Henry motored to Los Angeles Thursday to spend the day.

Mrs. R. E. Gilbert, who has been so very ill, was greatly improved last week, but suffered a relapse on Saturday and is much worse this week.

Mrs. L. A. Weller and Miss Lida Henry gave a delightful bridge tea on Wednesday afternoon. The proceeds were, of course, given to the Red Cross fund. After some games and cards, light refreshments were served, and when the guests went home another success, financial as well as social, was credited to Cucamonga for the Red Cross.

FROM SHELL TO GRIDDLE

A successful poultryman never allows a chick to die on his place. This is the motto of George W. Masterson of Duarte, poutlry judge and fancier on the side, orange grower by profession. "It doesn't matter what you do with the chicken to beat him to it," says Mr. Masterson, "but beat him somehow and don't let him die."

Pretty good advice for the beginner, isn't it? writes Jean A. Koethen in the California Cultivator. Indeed, I suspect we are all too prone to consider a sick chick as good as dead and not worth fussing with. Better than fussing with sick chicks, however, is the care that never lets them get sick, if it has to sit up all night to keep them warm.

Being a fancier and aiming at quality rather than numbers, Mr. Masterson raises his chicks in small flocks. Sometimes they are brooded by a mother hen, sometimes in a "toasty" warm south front brooder house heated by brooder stoves, one for each brood, and this spring he plans to try capons as mothers, keeping the chicks the first three weeks in the brooder house, then transferring them to the care of the capon. The morning I was there all the chicks were in the brooder house, a snug building about 12x16, divided by low wire fences into four compartments and with the south side all glass. The chicks in the first compartment were recently from the incubator and were revelling in the warmth of their brooder stove and of the sun which streamed in at the south window. Those in the fourth compartment were perhaps six weeks old and no longer required artificial heat. Not over 25 cicks weer in any one compartment, and the number in the fourth was much less than this.

All chicks are hatched by incubator. When hatching times comes the eggs are moistened with warm water, and the incubator is closed till the hatch is over. The chicks rest quietly in the nursery the first night after they are hatched, and the second evening, about 48 hours after the first chick breaks the shell, are removed to the brooder or to teh coop containing the hen that is to mother them. No feed is given till the next morning when the chicks receive a feeding of commercial chick feed. Then they are put back into the brooder to warm up. A ring of inch mesh poultry wire 12 inches high keeps them close to the brooder stove the first few days. As they grow older this is removed and the chicks given leave to wander over the whole compartment.

No one method of feeding is followed exclusively, but the following is the one which has been found most satisfactory:

The first five days nothing is fed but a good grade of commercial chick feed. At the end of the fifth day a hopper of plain bran is added. This is left before the chicks. At the end of the eighth day feedmeal, beefscrap and charcoal are added to the bran according to the following formula: Bran two parts, feedmeal two parts, beefscrap one part, charcoal one part. This is kept before them till they are three months old, when they are given a mash composed of 100 pounds laying mash as put up by various dealers and 100 pounds fine ground oats. This makes a splendid growing feed. The pullets are kept on it till they are seven months old, and the cockerels until matured.

When the chicks are three weeks of age the chick feed, which has so far been their only scratch feed, is dropped, and in its place is given a mixture of one part oat groats, two parts wheat and two parts cracked corn. When they are four months old this is changed again to a scratch feed of equal parts cracked corn, whole feed oats, wheat and hulled barley. They are fed liberally on this until matured.

Mr. Masterson is a firm believer in the virtues of buttermilk or clabbered milk for chicks. They receive no water until they are ten days old. When they have been two days in the brooder, they are given their first drink, which is buttermilk. A shallow pan six inches in diameter is filled with the milk and a brick laid across to keep the chicks from getting their feet into the milk. After ten days a foutnain of fresh water is placed in the pen and the milk given only in the morning. At the end of the fourth week it is discontinued altogether, not because it is no longer beneficial, but because the quantity is limited and it is not so greatly needed after this time. Sweet milk for chicks Mr. Masterson does not believe in, nor does he recommend draining off the whey and feeding the sour milk in the form of cottage cheese.

When the chicks are five weeks old they are ready to roost. Other breeds might take a little more time or a little less, according to rapidity of development, but Rhode Island Reds when properly fed are ready for their first roosts at this age. These roosts are made of laths about three-eights of an inch apart. The hover is moved onto this slatted platform for a few nights until the chicks have become accustomed to their new roosts, then is removed, and lo and behold! the chicks are roosting. Three weeks later they are transferred to the colony houses where they are to remain till matured.

The following "don'ts" which Mr. Masterson commends to beginners will carry no little weight:

Don't put off doing a little job when you first notice that it needs doing. A stich in time saves nine.

Don't neglect to feed green feed every day. This is an essential part of the program in a paying poultry plant.

Don't neglect to give fresh water frequently. This is only second in importance to feeding green feed.

Don't neglect the chickens unless you want them to neglect you. If you keep them (properly) they will keep you.

Finally, never let a chick die if you can possibly keep it alive.

ELEPHANTS ARE COMPELLED TO HAUL A CIRCUS TRAIN

When a circus train on the Southern Pacific came to an involuntary stop near Galveston not long ago, investigation by the engineer revealed the cause, it is reported, in a carload of elephants right behind the water tank of the engine tender. Being athirst and dusty, the intelligent animals had reached with their trunks through the end window of the car into the tank, and every drop of water had gone to assuage elephantine thirst and spray vast areas of dusty hide. The elephant trainer was called from the caboose to a consultation and solved the problem of moving the stalled train by unloading the four offending elephants, who were hitched in tandem in front of the locomotive, and compelled to pull it a distance of three miles along the track to the nearest water supply, where the tender was replenished.—From the May Popular Mechanics Magazine.

PRESENT-DAY TAXATION

In the New Republic, several weeks ago, Professor Sprague of Harvard made the very radical proposal of "taxation to the bone" in event of war, in order to compel economy and take the profits out of war contracts. Not only would he tax profits in excess of a reasonable amount to the point of practical confiscation, but he would tax incomes and salaries on a graduated ascending scale, which would take half of all incomes over $50,000 and all of any income in excess of $100,000. Strange to say, the proposal was received with favor in many quarters where opposition was expected. Many conservative financial interests in business centers of the country approved of the general plan, and did not quarrel with the details. All reports, although unofficial, coming out of Washington indicate the administration has decided to prevent, if possible, the taking of profits that hitherto have accompanied the making of war in this country. This attitude will meet with the unanimous approval of the country.

LEGAL ADVERTISING

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

Mrs. D. M. Sondericker, Plaintiff,
vs.
San Antonio Water Company, a corporation, Robert L. Silcox and Chester Silcox, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that there is pending in the Superior Court of the County of San Bernardino, State of California, an action in which Mrs. D. M. Sondericker is plaintiff and San Antonio Water Company, a corporation, Robert L. Silcox and Chester Silcox defendants, in which action plaintiff prays judgment that the said San Antonio Water Company be compelled to issue to plaintiff a new certificate of stock in lieu of certificate number 6252 of said company for five shares of stock in said San Antonio Water Company, heretofore issued to Robert L. Silcox and Chester Silcox, which certificate of stock is lost and cannot be found. All persons claiming the said shares of stock in said company or any of them, represented by the said certificate number 6252 or claiming any interest or lien therein, are notified to be and appear before the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Bernardino in the courtroom of Department Two of said court in the courthouse of San Bernardino County, at the hour of 10 o'clock on the 21st day of May, 1917, then and there to set forth their rights to the said stock and to show cause, if any they have, why a new certificate representing said shares of stock should not be issued to plaintiff.

Dated this 16th day of April, 1917.
49t4 L. R. PATTY, County Clerk.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT

Upland Foothill Water Company—Location of Principal Place of Business, Upland, California

Notice is hereby given that at a special meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 10th day of April A. D. 1917, an assessment of one dollar and fifty cents ($1.50) per share was levied upon the subscribed capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately to the Secretary of said company, at its office, First National Bank Building, in the City of Upland, State of California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the first day of June, 1917, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Wednesday, June 20th, 1917, at 3 o'clock p. m., to pay the delinquent assessment, together with cost of advertising and expense of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors.
H. S. WILSON, Secretary.
Office: First National Bank Building, Upland, California. 48t4

ORDINANCE NO. 154.

An Ordinance Establishing the Grade of Sixth Avenue from the South Line of Tenth Street to the North Line of Ninth Street.

The Board of Trustees of the Ctiy of Upland, do ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. That the grade of Sixth Avenue from the south line of Tenth street to the north line of Ninth Street, be and the same is hereby established in accordance with the following elevations and grades, to-wit:

The grade of the crown line of Sixth Avenue at the intersection with the south line of Tenth Street shall be one thousand two hundred forty-seven and four-tenths (1247.4) feet.

The grade of the crown line at the intersection of Sixth Avenue with a point four hundred (400) feet south of the south line of Tenth Street shall be one thousand two hundred thirty-six and six-tenths (1236.6) feet.

The grade of the crown line at the intersection of Sixth Avenue with a point eight hundred (800) feet south of the south line of Tenth Street shall be one thousand two hundred twenty-six and six-tenths (1226.6) feet.

The grade of the crown line at the intersection of Sixth Avenue with a point eleven hundred feet south of the south line of Tenth Street shall be one thousand two hundred nineteen and two-tenths (1219.2) feet.

The grade of the crown line at the intersection of Sixth Avenue with the north line of Ninth Street shall be one thousand two hundred sixteen and eight-tenths (1216.8) feet.

At all points along the crown line of said Sixth Avenue, herein established as center line of said Sixth Avenue, and along each curb line thereon between said designated points, the grade is hereby established so as to conform to a straight line between the designated points along the crown line of asid Avenue and along each curb line.

All elevations are in feet; those given at the curb line refer to the top of the curb, those given at the crown line of the Avenue refer to the crown line or center line of Sixth Avenue; and all elevations are above a place which is one thousand two hundred forty-two and four-hundredths (1242.04) feet below city datum place as established by Ordinance No. 102 of the Ctiy of Upland.

SECTION 2. The curb line of said Avenue shall be along each line of the roadway thereof and parallel thereto and distant twelve (12) feet from the center line of said Sixth Avenue, and the grade of the tops of curbs on each side of said roadway shall be four-tenths (0.4) of a foot higher than the grade hereinbefore established for crown line of said Sixth Avenue.

SECTION 3. The grade of the gutter lines next to and adjoining the curb line shall be ten (10) inches below the grade hereinbefore established for the tops of curbs on each side of roadway.

SECTION 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force thirty days from and after its adoption and approval.

SECTION 5. The City Clerk shall certify to the passage of this Ordinance and cause the same to be published once in the Upland News.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was adopted by the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland, at a regular meeting held thereof, on the 23rd day of April, 1917, by the following vote, to-wit:

Ayes: Grier, Buffington, Cavers, Johnson, Anderson.
Noes: None.
CHAS. P. FULLER, City Clerk.

I hereby approve the foregoing Ordinance this 23rd day of April, 1917.
C. E. GRIER.
President of the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland. 51t1

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of San Bernardino County, State of California.

In the Matter of the Estate of Henry H. B. Wiechmann, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administratrix of the estate of Henry H. B. Wiechmann, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against, the said deceased to exhibit them, together with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administratrix, at the law office of A. W. Burt, suite 117, Ruedy Building, Upland, San Bernardino County, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.

HELENE WIECHMANN.
Administratrix.
A. W. BURT, Attorney for Administratrix.
50t5

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT

Canyon Ridge Water Company—Location of Principal Place of Business, Upland, San Bernardino County, California.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 23rd day of April, 1917, an assessment of $3.00 per share was levied upon each and every share of the subscribed capital stock of the corporation, payable on or before the 23rd day of May, 1917, to John N. Huehn, the secretary of the corporation, at the residence of John N. Huehn, 745 Second Avenue, Upland, San Bernardino County, California. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 24th day of May, 1917, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Saturday, the 16th day of June, 1917, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

JOHN N. HUEHN, Secretary.
April 23rd, 1917. 50t4

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Etiwanda Water Company will be held in Cypress Hall in Etiwanda, California, on Tuesday, May 15, 1917, at 2:00 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a new board of directors and the transacting of any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

T. DONNELLY, Secretary.
Dated April 24, 1917. 50t2

LEGAL ADVERTISING

CERTIFICATE OF BUSINESS UNDER FICTITIOUS NAME

The undersigned hereby certify that they are conducting a general drug business in the Keyser Building on Second Avenue in the City of Upland, County of San Bernardino, State of California, under the fictitious name of Mac, the Medicine Man.

That the names in full of the undersigned are Patrick Henry McQuillen and Jessamine Phillips McQuillen and that the residence of said Patrick Henry McQuillen and Jessamine Phillips McQuillen is number 771 Second Avenue, Upland, California.

PATRICK HENRY McQUILLEN.
JESSAMINE PHILLIPS McQUILLEN.

State of California, County of San Bernardino, ss.

On this 24th day of April, 1917, before me, Chas. P. Fuller, a notary public in and for said county, residing therein, duly commissioned and sworn, personally appeared Patrick Henry McQuillen and Jessamine Phillips McQuillen, known to me to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

CHAS. P. FULLER.
Notary Public in and for the County of San Bernardino, State of California.
51t5

ORDINANCE NO. 155

An Ordinance Calling a Special Election to Be Held in the City of Upland, on Tuesday, the 5th Day of June, 1917, for the Purpose of Submitting to the Qualified Voters of Said City, the Proposition of Incurring a Bonded Indebtedness of Said City in the Total Sum of $24,000.00, and to Issue Bonds of Said City, in Said Sum, for the Acquisition and Construction by Said City of Certain Municipal Improvements, Providing for Elections Precincts, Designating the Polling Places and Appointing Election Officers for Such Election and Providing for Said Election and the Canvassing of the Returns Thereof.

WHEREAS, the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland at its regular meeting held on the 9th day of April, 1917, did by a vote of more than two-thirds of its members, pass and adopt a Resolution determining and declaring that the public interest and necessity(both and severally) of said city, and of the inhabitants thereof, demanded the acquisition and construction by said city of a certain municipal improvement, to-wit:

The acquisition and construction of a sewer to be used by said city as and for an outfall sewer, into which the sewers of said City of Upland shall discharge their sewage, and in, through and by means of which the sewage of said city and its inhabitants shall be taken, conducted, and conveyed from said city and thereby disposed of.

AND WHEREAS, the estimated cost of said municipal improvement consisting of said sewer, hereinbefore described, is $24,000.00.

AND WHEREAS, the cost of the acquisition and construction of said municipal improvement, consisting of said sewer requires an expenditure greater than the amount allowed for such improvement by the annual tax levy, and exceeds the amount that can be legally raised by annual taxation for that purpose, and will be too great to be paid out of the ordinary annual income and revenue of said municipality.

AND WHEREAS, the acquisition and construction of said municipal improvement hereinbefore set forth and described is for the purpose and object of protecting the health of said city and its inhabitants and furnishing to said city and to the inhabitants thereof an adequate means for the disposal of its and their sewage.

AND WHEREAS, the acquisition and construction of said municipal improvement hereinbefore described and set forth is necessary and convenient to carry out the objects, purposes and powers of said municipality of the City of Upland.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland, do ordain as follows:

Section 1. That a special election be and the same is hereby called and will be held in the City of Upland, on Tuesday, the 5th day of June, 1917, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of said city, to be voted on thereat, the following proposition, to-wit:

The proposition to incur a bonded indebtedness of said City of Upland in the sum of $24,000.00 for the acquisition and construction of a sewer to be used by said city as and for an outfall sewer, into which the sewers of said City of Upland shall discharge their sewage, and in, through and by means of which the sewage of said city and its inhabitants shall be taken, conducted, and conveyed from said city and thereby disposed of.

Section 2. That the cost of the acquisition and construction of said municipal improvement consisting of said sewer, as aforesaid, is $24,000.00.

Section 3. That the cost of the acquisition and construction of said municipal improvement, consisting of said sewer, will be too great to be paid out of the ordinary annual income and revenue of said municipality, and requires an expenditure greater than the amount allowed for such improvement by the annual tax levy and exceeds the amount that can be legally raised by annual taxation for such purposes.

Section 4. That the acquisition and construction of said municipal improvement hereinbefore set forth and described, as aforesaid, is for the purpose and object of protecting the health of said city and its inhabitants and furnishing to said city and to the inhabitants thereof an adequate means for the disposal of its and their sewage.

Section 5. That the acquisition and construction of said municipal improvement hereinbefore described and set forth, is necessary and convenient to carry out the objects, purposes and powers of said municipality of the City of Upland.

Section 6. That it is hereby determined and declared that it is the purpose and intention of the legislative branch of the government of the City of Upland to take proceedings for the acquisition and construction by said city of said municipal improvement consisting of said sewers, as hereinbefore described and set forth, at the cost and for the sum of $24,000.00 lawful money of the United States and to incur an indebtedness in said sum by issuing of bonds of said city, for such purpose in the amount of $24,000.00.

Section 7. If said proposition to incur an indebtedness of the said City of Upland shall be authorized by the qualified voters of the said City of Upland, as in this Ordinance and by law provided, then in that event, bonds of said city to the amount authorized shall be issued and sold and shall bear interest from date thereof until paid, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually, and the principal and interest of said bonds shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America in the manner following, that is to say: One twenty-fourth part of the whole amount of the principal of said indebtedness shall be paid each and every year at the office of the City Treasurer of the City of Upland, at said city, in the County of San Bernardino, or at such other place as the Board of Trustees may fix, on a day and date to be hereafter fixed in said bonds, until the whole principal sum has been paid. That the interest on said bonds shall be paid semi-annually at the same place, one of such semi-annual payments of interest in each year being on the date of payment of the annual installment of the principal of such indebtedness, as aforesaid. Said indebtedness shall be evidenced by bonds and proper coupons attached thereto, separate coupon being attached to each bond for each semi-annual payment of the interest to become due on said bonds; that the indebtedness authorized to be created or incurred at said election shall be represented by bonds payable in the manner aforesaid, and that said bonds shall be issued in denomination or denominations as the Board of Trustees of said city shall determine in accordance with law.

Section 8. In case the bonds of the City of Upland shall be authorized at said special election and shall be issued and sold under said proposition for incurring said indebtedness, the legislative branch of said city shall annually, at the time of fixing the general tax levy and in the manner in said general tax levy provided, levy and collect annually each year until such bonds are paid, or until there shall be a sum in the treasury of said City set apart for that purpose sufficient to meet all sums coming due for principal and interest on said bonds a tax sufficient to pay the annual interest on said bonds and also such part of the principal thereof as shall become due before the time for fixing the next general tax levy. The taxes herein required to be levied and collected shall be in addition to all other taexs levied for municipal purposes and shall be collected at the time and in the same manner as other municipal taxes are levied and collected and shall be used for no other purpose than the payment of said bonds and accruing interest.

Section 9. Said election shall be conducted by boards of election, consisting of two inspectors, two judges, two clerks, whose duties and powers shall be the same as those of boards of elections and of such election officers, respectively, under the law governing municipal elections. If any of the members of said board hereinafter named fail to attend at the opening of the polls on the morning of such election, the electors of the precinct present at that hour, may supply the place of any such absent member by appointment, as provided by the general election laws.

At said special election the polls shall be opened at six o'clock on the morning of the day of such election and must be kept open until seven o'clock in the afternoon of the same day when the polls shall be closed.

That for the purpose of said election, said city shall be divided into three municipal election precincts, to be known as "Municipal Election Precinct Number One," "Municipal Election Precinct Number Two," and "Municipal Election Precinct Number Three."

Municipal Election Precinct Number One (Consolidation of Precincts Nos. 1, 2, and 3.)

Municipal Election Precinct Number One shall consist of election precincts Number One, Number Two, and Number Three, as established by the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino, for general elections therein, as said precincts numbered one, two and three now exist in the said City of Upland as established by said Board of Supervisors. The polling place for said Municipal election precinct Number One shall be at the City Hall, in said city, on the north side of "D" Street, between First Avenue and Second Avenue, and the board of election for such consolidated municipal election precinct shall be as follows:

Inspectors: W. B. Duncan, E. O. Bowden.
Judges: M. H. Bordwell, J. W. Mehl.
Clerks: J. C. Mehl, R. C. Williams.

Municipal Election Precinct Number Two (Consolidation of Precincts Nos. 4, 5, and 6.)

Municipal Election Precinct Number Two shall consist of election precincts Number Four, Number Five and Number Six, as established by the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino, for general elections therein, as said precincts numbered four, five and six now exist in the said City of Upland as established by said Board of Supervisors. The polling place for said Consolidated Municipal Election Precinct Number Two shall be on "F" Street between First Avenue and Second Avenue, at C. K. Francisco's Garage, in said city, and the board of election for such consolidated municipal election precinct shall be as follows:

Inspectors: H. W. Flowers, C. V. Lambrigger.
Judges: W. H. Riley, R. R. Wisely.
Clerks: P. O. Long, H. C. Moore.

Municipal Election Precinct Number Three (Precinct No. 7.)

Municipal Election Precinct Number Three shall consist of election precinct Number Seven, as established by the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino, for general elections therein, as said precinct number seven now exists in said City of Upland as established by said Board of Supervisors. The polling place for said Municipal Election Precinct Number Three shall be at the Eighteenth Street Grammar School in said city, on Eighteenth Street between Euclid Avenue and San Antonio Avenue, and the board of election for such municipal election precinct shall be as follows:

Inspectors: R. R. Brownson, E. W. Paul.
Judges: L. G. Baldwin, J. D. Howe.
Clerks: G. E. Bender, T. R. Woodbridge.

That said polling places have been found and are hereby determined to be, suitable and proper places for holding such special election and said several persons have been found and hereby determined and declared to be qualified for such respective positions and they are hereby appointed such election officers to conduct said election and to constitute said boards of election and are hereby directed to conduct said election as by law and this ordinance provided and to canvass the votes given and cast at said election and to make and deliver returns thereof as required by law.

Section 10. That said propositions to incur a bonded indebtedness in the amounts and for the purpose aforesaid shall be voted for and against at said election as follows: to-wit:

"Shall the City of Upland incur a bonded indebtedness in the sum of Twenty-four Thousand ($24,000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of acquiring and constructing an outfall sewer?"

Section 11. Each ballot used at such municipal election shall have printed thereon, in addition to the other matters required by law, the following:

MUNICIPAL TICKET
Bond Election, City of Upland.

To vote in favor of a proposition stamp a cross (X) in the square at the right of the word "Yes" following the proposition to be voted upon.

To vote against a proposition stamp a cross (X) in the square at the right of the word "No" following the proposition to be voted upon.

Shall the City of Upland incur a bonded indebtedness in the sum of Twenty-four Thousand ($24,000.00) Dollars, for the purpose of acquiring and constructing an outfall sewer?	YES	
	NO	

Section 12. Any qualified voter may vote at said election in favor of said proposition by stamping a cross (X) at the right of the word "YES" following the proposition to be voted, upon; any qualified voter may vote at said election against said proposition by stamping a cross (X) in the square at the right of the word "NO" following the proposition to be voted upon. The City Clerk is hereby authorized and directed to prepare and cause to be printed, upon the proper kind of paper used at general election in the State of California, sufficient number of ballots for the use of voters at said special election. The number of said ballots to be so prepared shall be not less than seventy-five for each fifty qualified voters of said city and a like proportion for each fraction of fifty voters of said city. The Board of Trustees of said city shall meet at the Council Chamber in the City Hall in said city on Monday, the 11th day of June, 1917, at the hour of one o'clock p. m. thereof and then and there canvass the returns of said election, which time and place is hereby fixed as the time and place for canvassing said returns.

Section 13. This Ordinance and the publication thereof shall constitute notice of said election.

This ordinance shall be published once a week for two successive weeks in the Upland News, a weekly newspaper printed and published in said City of Upland and the City Clerk shall cause this ordinance to be so published and no other notice of said election need be given.

I hereby certify that the foregoing ordiance was introduced at the regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland, held on Monday, the 23rd day of April, 1917, and was then and there read in full and laid over for final passage and was thereafter, to-wit, on the 30th day of April, 1917, adopted by the following vote, to-wit:

Ayes: Grier, Cavers, Johnson.
Noes: None.
Absent: Buffington, Anderson.
CHAS. P. FULLER, City Clerk.

I hereby approve the foregoing ordinance this 30th day of April, 1917.
C. E. GRIER,
President of the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland. 51t2

RESOLUTION NO. 264.

Resolution of the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland declaring Its Intention to Improve That Portion of Mountain Avenue Within the City of Upland Between a Point Eight Feet North of the Center Line of Tenth Street and the Center Line of Twenty-fourth Street.

RESOLVED, by the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland, that the public interest, and convenience require and it is the intention of the said Board of Trustees to order the following street work and improvement to be done in said city, to-wit:

FIRST: That that portion of

MOUNTAIN AVENUE

in said city, between a point eight feet north of the center line of Tenth Street and the center line of Twenty-fourth Street, be improved in the following manner, to-wit:

(a) That stone curbs five inches in width at the top, seven inches wide at the bottom and twelve inches in height be constructed along the curb lines, and curb returns at street intersections, on both sides of said Mountain Avenue between a point eight feet north of the center line of Tenth Street and the center line of Twenty-fourth Street, (excepting along the curb line, and curb returns, on the west side of said Mountain Avenue between the center line of Twelfth Street and the center line of Twentieth Street, and excepting along the curb line, and curb returns, on the east side of said Mountain Avenue between the center line of Twenty-third Street and the center line of Twenty-fourth Street, which portions of said Mountain Avenue are not within said city and are not included in this improvement.)

(b) That all of the roadway of said Mountain Avenue and all of the roadway at all street intersections (excepting that portion of the intersection of Twelfth Street, already paved) from a line parallel to and eight feet north of the center line of Tenth Street to the center line of Twenty-fourth Street, (excepting a strip sixteen feet in width running the entire length of said portion of said Mountain Avenue and being eight feet in width on each side of the center line of said Mountain Avenue, and also excepting that portion not within the said City of Upland, being that portion of said Mountain Avenue west of the center line thereof and between the center line of Twelfth Street and the center line of Twentieth Street and also that portion thereof east of the center line of Mountain Avenue between the center line of Twenty-third Street and the center line of Twenty-fourth Street,), be paved with a cement concrete base four inches in thickness and an asphalt wearing surface, composed of broken stone screenings and liquid asphalt, three-eighths of an inch in thickness.

Said work shall be done and said improvement shall be made along the lines, between the points, and in the manner shown upon the plans and cross-sections heretofore adopted for the improvement of said street now on file in the office of the City Engineer of said city and designated "Plans and Cross-sections No. 56," in the records of said office, and shall be constructed of the material, in the manner provided in, and in accordance with the specifications heretofore adopted for the improvement of said street, and on file in the office of the City Clerk of said city and designated "Specifications No. 56," in the records of said office, to which plans, cross-sections and specifications reference is hereby made for a further, fuller and more particular description of said work, the manner of its execution and material used therein.

SECOND: That the said contemplated work or improvement in the opinion of said Board of Trustees, is of more than ordinary or local public benefit and said Board of Trustees hereby declare that the district in said City of Upland to be benefited by said work or improvement, and to pay for the costs thereof, is described as follows, to-wit:

All that portion of said city included within the following boundaries, to-wit:

Beginning at a point along the center line of 24th Street thirty-three (33) feet north of the northwest corner of Lot 140 of the Ontario Colony Lands, as per map thereof recorded in Book 11 of Maps, at Page 6, records of San Bernardino County, thence running east along the center line of 24th Street to a point where the said center line of Twenty-Fourth Street intersects with the center line of Mountain Avenue, thence running south along the center line of Mountain Avenue to a point where the said center line of Mountain Avenue intersects with the center line of Twenty-third Street, thence running east along the center line of Twenty-third Street to a point thirty-three feet north of the northeast corner of Lot 179 of the Ontario Colony Lands; thence running south 33 feet to the northeast corner of Lot 179 of the Ontario Colony Lands; thence running south in a straight line to the southeast corner of Lot 400 of the Ontario Colony Lands; thence running southeast to the northeast corner of Lot 2 of the Sourwine Addition as per map thereof recorded in Book 16 of Maps, at Page 46, records of San Bernardino County; thence running south to the southeast corner of Lot 7 of the Sourwine Addition; thence running southwest to the northeast corner of Lot 3, Block 1 of the Mountain View Addition, as per map thereof recorded in Book 8 of Maps, at Page 99, records of San Bernardino County; thence running south to the southeast corner of Lot 10, Block 4 of the Mountain View Addition; thence running south to a point on the center line of Tenth Street thirty-three feet south of the southeast corner of Lot 10, Block 4 of the Mountain View Addition; thence running west along the center line of Tenth Street to a point on said center line of Tenth Street, thirty-three feet south of the southwest corner of Lot 14, Block 3 of the Mountain View Addition; thence running north to the northwest corner of Lot 5, Block 2 of the Mountain View Addition; thence running north to a point on the center line of Twelfth Street thirty-three feet north of the northwest corner of Lot 5, Block 2 of the Mountain View Addition; thence running east along the center line of Twelfth Street to a point where said center line of Twelfth Street intersects with the center line of Mountain Avenue; thence running north along the center line of Mountain Avenue to a point where the said center line of Mountain Avenue intersects with the center line of Twentieth Street; thence running west along the center line of Twentieth Street to a point on said center line of Twentieth Street thirty-three feet south of the southwest corner of Lot 13, of the Upland Foothill Tract as per map thereof recorded in Book 19 of Maps, at Page 51, records of San Bernardino County; thence running north thirty-three feet to the southwest corner of Lot 13 of the Upland Foothill Tract; thence running north in a straight line to the point of beginning.

THIRD: Said Board of Trustees hereby determine that Serial Bonds shall be issued to represent assessments of twenty-five ($25.00) Dollars or over for the cost of the work or improvement as proposed in this Resolution to be done. Said Serial Bonds shall extend over a period of nine years from and after the 2nd day of January, next succeeding the date of said bonds and an even annual proportion of the principal sum thereof shall be payable, by coupon, on the 2nd day of January, each and every year after their date until the whole is paid, and the interest shall be payable semi-annually by coupon on the 2nd day of January and July, respectively, of each year, at the rate of seven per cent (7%) per annum on all sums unpaid, until the whole of said principal and interest are paid; said bonds shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled, "An Act to provide for work in and upon streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, courts, places and sidewalks, within municipalities, and for establishing and changing the grades of any such streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, courts, places and sidewalks and providing for the issuance and payment of street improvement bonds to represent certain assessments for the cost thereof and providing a method for the payment of such bonds." Approved April 7, 1911, designated and referred to as "Improvement Act of 1911," and of all acts amendatory thereof. Said bonds shall be issued to represent each assessment of twenty-five ($25.00) Dollars or more, remaining unpaid thirty days after the date of the warrant or five days after the decision of the council on appeal.

It is hereby declared by said Board of Trustees that this proceeding is being taken and had and that the aforesaid improvements are to be made under and pursuant to said act.

Notice is hereby given that any and all persons having any objections to the work and improvement proposed in this Resolution to be done and made, may appear before the said Board of Trustees, in the Council Chamber of said Board, in the City Hall in the said City of Upland, on Monday the 28th day of May, 1917, at the hour of 7:30 p. m., on said day, and then and there show cause, if any they have, why said proposed work should not be done and said proposed improvement should not be carried out in accordance with this Resolution. Said time and place aforesaid are hereby fixed by said Board of Trustees as the time and place for the hearing of any and all objections and protests hereinbefore referred to. The Upland News, a newspaper published and circulated in the City of Upland is hereby designated as the newspaper in which this Resolution shall be published in two consecutive issues thereof; and also as the newspaper in which such further notices and resolutions relating to said work, required by law to be published, shall be published.

The Street Superintendent shall immediately after the adoption of this Resolution, cause to be conspicuously posted along the lines of said contemplated work or improvement, in the manner and form required by law, notices of the passage of this Resolution.

The City Clerk shall certify to the passage of this Resolution and cause the same to be published as aforesaid.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland, at a regular meeting held thereof, on the 30th day of April, 1917, by the following vote, to-wit:

Ayes: Grier, Cavers, Johnson.
Noes: None.
Absent: Buffington, Anderson.
CHAS. P. FULLER, City Clerk.

I hereby approve the foregoing Resolution this 30th day of April, 1917.
C. E. GRIER.
President of the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland. 51t2

B. L. BYER
Insurance of All Kinds, Written in the Best Companies
Phone 251-Y, or 428 Third Avenue, Upland.

News has been received of the death at Hanford of Elias Gallup. Mr. Gallup was one of the pioneer pure bred poultry and Poland China growers of Kings county.

W. A. Sprott, manager of the Tulare County Citrus exchange, has been in Sacramento conferring with legislators on the citrus standard of maturity bill.

Horiticultural Commisisoner Roullard urged deciduous fruit growers this spring to avail themselves of the heat from smudge pots in their orchards to protect the blossoms and young fruit.

COMING!

Next Monday and Tuesday

May 7th and 8th

At the Methodist Church

Mr. & Mrs. Wm. Rasmus

appear in Dramatic Readings

Don't Miss Them!

Admission Free Silver Offering

Many Autoists

are enjoying that trip more since having that glass put in. ¶ Have yours sewed in today

The Upland Harness Shop

Sanitary Dairy Milk

Is Grade "A" Milk

For Sale at

Clark's Bakery

Upland, California

JOE & JOE'S Barber Shop

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Cleanliness and First-Class Work is our motto

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Over 3000 Policy Holders
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Write for rates or ask the agent to call. JOHN N. HUEHN,
Secretary and General Agent.
Phone Pacific 2J or 351J.

Etiwanda

Happenings Here and There Gathered by a News Special Representative in and About the Famous Etiwanda Colony

Mrs. Frank Hickcox assisted by Miss Elma Spray entertained the Ladies' Aid Tea Circle Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. C. A. Hickcox, Sr., of Claremont, was honor guest, the occasion being her birthday. The ladies brought with them their needlework and a pleasant afternoon was spent. Tea, punch, sandwiches and cake were served. Those present were Mrs. C. A. Hickcox and her sister, Mrs. J. T. Morris of Ontario, and Mrs. Julia La Barre of Portland, Oregon; Mesdames W. G. Pearson, J. K. Spray, John Scott, J. H. Scott, M. R. Kemp, Geo. Utman, John Frost, J. C. Jones, T. Donnelly, E. T. Myers, Richard Merrill, A. C. Smith, F. Koch, J. D. Orendorff, O. H. Price, Theodore Suhr, Frank Hickcox, Misses Margaret Scott and Elma Spray.

The traveling show company which has been giving a moving picture show in Cypress hall once each week throughout the winter season, showed Jack London's Sea Wolf Friday evening to a crowded house. They give the last show of the season on Friday night of this week.

Miss Iva Bell Murphy of Upland, superintendent of the missionary department of the County Christian Endeavor work, gave a very interesting talk to the Endeavorers here Sunday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Rich Shepherd were guests at the home of his father, Dr. A. L. Shepherd Sunday. The Appeal, the firm for which Mr. Shepherd has been working, has given him the management of a new store which they are putting in in San Francisco and he goes immediately to take charge.

The Etiwanda teachers, Mrs. T. M. Neece, Miss Irene Majors and Miss Mildred Benson, attended a teacher's meeting in San Bernardino Saturday.

Mrs. Richard Merrill and baby daughter departed for their home, Highland, Sunday, after spending several days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Montana. Mikie Montana accompanied her home for a day's visit.

The Ladies' Aid society will hold its regular monthly meeting Thursday afternoon at the church. The hostesses for the day are Mrs. J. C. Jones, Mrs. O. H. Price and Mrs. Geo. Frost.

Miss Irene Majors is a guest of Miss Mildred Benson at the A. C. Smith home this week during the absence of Miss Majors's mother, who is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Max Huberman of Orange.

Miss Luella McClean was quite ill the first of the week.

A number of local fishermen motored to Deep creep Monday to begin the fishing season Tuesday morning. Among them were W. E. E. Layton, H. A. Allen and N. D. Hickcox, who left Monday morning and T. Donnelly and W. H. Frost who motored to the creek Monday afternoon.

Edward Fisher is ill with the mumps this week.

Mrs. Margaret Ingrim who has been spending the winter with her brother, Mr. E. T. Myers, left Sunday for her home in New London, Ohio. She will make several stops en route and will probably not reach her home before July 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Stephens and Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Stephens of Upland were guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Stephens Sunday. Clarence Stephens spent the day with Mrs. Mamie Cour and family.

Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Werner and daughter Eleanor were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Donnelly Saturday evening.

Mrs. A. R. Loud of Pomona, who was for many years a resident of Etiwanda, had planned to attend the meeting of the tea circle at Mrs. Frank Hickcox's but was suffering from an attack of rheumatism and was unable to attend, but promises a later visit to her many friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hynes left Sunday for a business trip to Montana.

Mrs. Gertrude Spiers Rader left Tuesday morning to attend the annual convention of the California State Federation of Women's clubs in Pasadena. She gave an address Tuesday afternoon, "A Permanent Agriculture, the Basis of Our Social Life." She will be a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wheat of Los Angeles while attending the convention. Rowe Rader is a guest of her aunt, Mrs. Harvey Brubaker and Bruce is the guest of John Scott and family.

Mrs. Fred Gilbert entertained with a dinner party Saturday evening in honor of Mr. Gilbert's birthday. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Field, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Eddy, Will Harris and Elmer Meacham of San Bernardino.

Mrs. Ada Fellows, who has been teaching school near Victorville, finished her work Friday and returned to her home here Sunday.

Mrs. Mamie Cour entertained Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Greenlee and children, Gertrude, Clyde, Barnett and Donald and Dorothy Bates at dinner Monday evening. The occasion was the birthday of Mr. Greenlee and also of Ralph Cour and Mrs. Cour planned a double celebration of the event.

Miss Florence Brownless entertained Misses Isabelle Smith and Ethel Bilyear at dinner Sunday.

Glen Shepherd has purchased a new Bean tractor. He received it the last of the week.

Charles Donnelly accompanied a party of Rialto and Fontana men to Upland Tuesday to inspect some trees which the parties were purchasing there.

Mrs. G. E. Frost is quite ill this week, suffering from a nervous break-down.

Mrs. Moore is a guest of her cousin, John Scott, and family this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hickcox's little son Ross is quite ill with a severe cold.

Little Eleanor and Marion Frost spent Tuesday with their aunt, Mrs. T. Donnelly.

Mrs. Frank Hickcox surprised Mr. Hickcox on his birthday Thursday by inviting a number of friends in for the evening and serving a tamale supper cafeteria style. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Hickcox, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McNerlin, Mr. Gerund Spray, Miss Elma Spray and Mr. Lynn Stafford of Rialto.

George and Mark Hickcox motored to Brawley last week for the cantaloupe season. They stopped over at Calexico for a couple of days' visit with their brother, Alvin Hickcox.

PADDY, THE BEAVER, BUILDS A DAM

Paddy, the Beaver, was busy cutting down trees for the dam he had planned to build. Up in the woods of the North from which he had come to the Green Forest, he had learned all about tree cutting and dam building and canal digging and house building. Paddy's father and mother had been very wise in the ways of the Beaver world, and Paddy had been quick to learn. So now he knew just what to do and the best way to do it. You know, observes Thornton W Burgess in "The Adventures of Paddy, the Beaver," a great many people waste time and labor doing things the wrong way, so that they have to be done over again. They forget to be sure they are right, and so they go ahead until they find they are wrong, and all their work goes for nothing.

But Paddy, the Beaver, isn't this kind. Paddy would never have leaped into the spring with the steep sides without looking, as Grandfather Frog did. So now he carefully picked out the trees to cut. He could not afford to waste his time cutting down a tree that wasn't going to be just what he wanted when it was down. When he was sure that the tree was right, he looked up at the top to find out whether, when he had cut it, it would fall clear of other trees. He had learned to do that when he was quite young and heedless. He remembered just how he felt when, after working hard, oh, so hard, to cut a big tree, he had warned all his friends to get out of the way so that they would not be caught when it fell, and then it hadn't fallen at all because the top had caught in another tree. He was so mortified that he didn't get over it for a long time.

So now he made sure that a tree was going to fall clear and just where he wanted it. Then he sat up on his hind legs, and with his great broad tail for a brace, began to make the chips fly. You know Paddy has the most wonderful teeth for cutting. They are long and broad and sharp. He would begin by taking a deep bite, and then another just a little way below. Then he would pry out the little piece of wood between. When he had cut very deep on one side, so that the tree would fall that way, he would work around to the other side. Just as soon as the tree began to lean and he was sure that it was going to fall, he would scamper away . . . He loved to see tall trees lean forward slowly, then faster and faster, till they struck the ground with a crash.

Just as soon as they were down, he would trim the branches until the trees were just long poles. This was easy work, for he could take off a good-sized branch with one bite. On many he left their bushy tops. When he had trimmed them to suit him and had cut them into the right lengths, he would tug and pull them down to the place where he meant to build his dam.

There he placed the poles side by side, not across the Laughing Brook like a bridge, but with the big ends pointing up the Laughing Brook, which was quite broad but shallow right there. To keep them from floating away, he rolled stones and piled mud on the bushy ends. Clear across on both sides, he laid those poles until the land began to rise. Then he dragged more poles and piled on top of these and wedged short sticks crosswise between them.

And all the time the Laughing Brook was having harder and harder work to run. Its merry laugh grew less merry and finally almost stopped, because, you see, the water could not get through between all those poles and sticks fast enough. It was just about that time that the little people of the Smiling Pool decided that it was time to see just what Paddy was doing, and they started up the Laughing Brook, leaving only Grandfather Frog and the tadpoles in the Smiling Pool, which, for a little while, would smile no more.

Paddy, the Beaver, knew perfectly well that he would have visitors just as soon as he began to build his dam. He expected a lot of them. You see, he knew that none of them ever had seen a Beaver at work, unless, perhaps, it was Prickly Porky, the Porcupine, who also had come down from the North. So as he worked he kept his ears open, and he smiled to himself as he heard a little rustle here and then a little rustle there. He knew just what those little rustles meant. Each one meant another visitor. Yes, sir, each rustle meant another visitor, and yet not one had shown himself.

Paddy chuckled. "Seems to me that you are dreadfully afraid to show yourselves," said he in a loud voice, just as he were talking to nobody in particular. Everything was still. There wasn't so much as a rustle after Paddy spoke. He chuckled again. He could feel ever so many eyes watching him, though he didnt' see a single pair. And he knew that the reason his visitors were hiding so carefully was because they were afraid of him. You see, Paddy was much bigger than most of the little meadow and forest people, and they didn't know what kind of a temper he might have. . . .

Of course, Paddy knew all about this. He had been brought up that way. "Be sure, and then you'll never be sorry," had been one of his mother's favorite sayings, and he had always remembered it. Indeed, it had saved him a great deal of trouble. So now he was perfectly willing to go right on working and let his hidden visitors watch him until they were sure that he meant them no harm. . . . So he kept right on cutting trees, trimming off the branches, and hauling the trunks down to the dam he was building.

TO ALL WHO CAN PRODUCE OR SAVE FOOD

Dr. Beverly T. Galloway, assistant to the secretary of agriculture, and in charge of the department's emergency measures for dealing with the agricultural situation, has issued the following statement :

"The following letter issued by the British premier, David Lloyd George, while addressed to people of England, conveys advice distinctly applicable to the United States and which should be heeded by every one who can do anything to produce food or save food from waste:

10 Downing Street, Whitehall, S. W.
March 5th, 1917.

Dear Sir,

We have now reached a crisis in the war when to ensure victory, the heroism of our armies at the Front must be backed by the self-sacrifice and tireless labour of everyone at home. To this end the production of each quarter of wheat and oats, and of each bushel of potatoes is of vital importance. The work of the next few weeks must decide the harvest of the year; and in the nation's interest I urge you, at whatever personal sacrifice, to overcome all obstacles, to throw your fullest energies into the work, and to influence and encourage all who assist you, so that every possible acre shall be sown.

The imperative demands of the war, have made it impossible to avoid calling upon men fit for active service, even though skilled in farming. As far as possible this is being met by bringing on to the land men and women from other industries. They cannot be expected to do work equal to that of men expert in agriculture; but there is no time for delay and the government is confident that farmers will at once step forward and do all in their power to utilize their services to the best advantage.

The farmers of this country can defeat the German submarine and when they do so they destroy the last hope of the Prussian.

Yours faithfully,
D. LLOYD GEORGE.

CUTWORM REMEDIES

Tomatoes, cabbages, sweet potatoes, lettuce, and other truck plants, especially those which are started under glass and transplanted, are subject to serious injury by cutworms. These pests appear sometimes in great numbers in the spring and early summer, and frequently do severe injury before their ravages are noticed. Their method of attack is to cut off the young plants at about the surface of the ground, and as these caterpillars are of large size and voracious feeders, they are capable of destroying many plants in a single night—frequently more than they can devour. Every year these insects, working generally throughout the United States, have destroyed hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of crops. By the timely application of remedies, however, as has been demonstrated by entomologists of the U. S. department of agriculture, they readily can be controlled, even over considerable areas. The usual method of control is by the use of poisoned baits.

How to Mix and Apply Poisoned Baits

Take a bushel of dry bran, add 1 pound of white arsenic or Paris green, and mix it thoroughly into mash with 8 gallons of water in which has been stirred half a gallon of sorghum or other cheap molasses. (Arsenic and Paris green are deadly poisons. Handle them with great care.) This amount will be sufficient for the treatment of about 4 or 5 acres of cultivated crops. After the mash has stood for several hours, scatter it, in lumps about the size of a marble, over the fields where the injury is beginning to appear and about the bases of the plants set out. Apply late in the day, so as to place the poison about the plants before night, which is the time when the cutworms are active. Apply a second time, if necessary. Keep children, live stock, and chickens away from this bait.

What to Do When Cutworms Travel Like Army Worms

When cutworms occur in unusual abundance, which happens locally, and sometimes generally, they exhaust their food supply and migrate to other fields. This they do literally in armies, assuming what is called the army worm habit. At such times it is necessary to treat them the same as army worms. While the methods which have been advised are valuable in such cases, they may be too slow to destroy all the cutworms, and other methods must be employed. These include trenching, ditching, the plowing of deep furrows in advance of the traveling cutworms to trap them, and the dragging of logs or brush through the furrows. If th trenches can be filled with water, the addition of a small quantity of kereosene, so as to form a thin scum on the surface, will prove fatal to the cutworms. Inextreme cases barriers of fence boards are erected and the tops smeared with tar or other sticky substances to stop the cutworms as they attempt to crawl over.

Spraying With Arsenicals

In extremely severe attacks by cutworms on choice plants there is sometimes no opportunity to prepare the poisoned bait. In such cases an arsenate of lead spray will answer quite as well. In one instance a parsley field was sprayed with 4 pounds of arsenate of lead to 50 gallons of water; this killed all the cutworms, whereas if they had been left alone for a day or two longer the field probably would have been destroyed. The result was a perfect stand—the best ever made by the grower. In this case five applications were necessary.

Cultural Methods and Crop Rotation

Clean cultural methods and crop rotation are advisable, as are also fall plowing and disking, to prevent recurrences of cutworm attacks.

Many cutworms can be destroyed where it is possible to overflow the fields, particularly where irrigation is practiced.

FOREST SERVICE CALLS FOR CLERICAL HELP

The U. S. forest service in California is experiencing great difficulty in securing clerical help, according to a statement given out at the district office. Men to fill clerical positions in several of the forest supervisors' offices in California are badly wanted, and there are excellent opportunities for young men in this work, according to the officials. The entrance salary is now approximately $1000 per annum with good chances for advancement for men of ability.

The office men of the forest service have certain advantages over the rangers and field men. Although not called upon to do the arduous work that often falls to the lot of the rangers, the stenographers and clerks are given opportunities to get into the mountains during the summer months and in times of emergency are often detailed to make trips of inspection, to fight forest fires, and perform other field work.

Positions in the forest service are all under the classified civil service, which means permanency of employment and absence of favoritism in any form. Examinations for stenographers are held frequently in all the cities and larger towns throughout California and Nevada, under the direction of the secretary of the Civil Service Commission, Post Office Building, San Francisco, who will gladly supply information and application blanks. The next examination will be held May 12.

LOSE 20 PER CENT IN PARING

Approximately 20 per cent of each potato pared by ordinary household methods is lost in the process. The loss includes much and sometimes all of the portion of the tuber containing important soluble salts. Potatoes that are boiled and baked in their skins lose practically none of their food value.

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Fisk Dealer in Upland

C. L. COCHRAN

CLASSIFIED ADS

WANTED

WANTED—Teams for rock work, Inquire John D. Howe. 51t1*

WANTED—Appointment work in manicuring. Facial and scalp treatment, shampooing and singeing. Mrs. M. Frost, 406 Euclid avenue. Phone 35-R. 51t1

WANTED—Poultry. Highest cash prices paid for all kinds. Days here Mondays and Thursdays. Phone 248, Ontario; or 8566, Pomona. Or address Scott & Son, Box 481, Pomona. 39tf

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—A few shares of San Antonio water stock. See T. W. Nisbet. 51t1

FOR RENT—Apartments with private bath, at the Tioga, $10 per month and up. R. C. Williams. Phone 162-J or 162-L. 51tf

FOR RENT—Chairs, sewing machines, dishes, tables, electric sweeper. Upland Furniture Co. 51t2

FOR RENT—House with four rooms, near San Antonio and Tenth St., with water, $7.00 per month. John Shingler. Phone 234-J-3. 49tf

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One share San Antonio Water Co. stock. A. H. Lawrence. 50t2

FOR SALE—On easy terms, the New Home sewing machine. No better made. Upland Furniture Co. 51t2

FOR SALE—Fresh milch goat. Call 315-L, Upland. 51t2

FOR SALE—Studebaker "30." Good. Price. $200. See it at Grahame's.

FOR SALE—Minar's repair shop, tools, fixtures. A full line of new Standard Oil cook stoves. A good line of new and second hand stoves and furniture. Worth at least one thousand dollars, all for $700. D. Q. Minar, Upland, Calif. 50tf

FOR SALE—Fresh Jersey cow. Inquire Mrs. M. G. Swan. 49tf

FOR SALE—Mitchell 30, stripped down. Good buy. See it at Grahame's. 51t1

FOR SALE OR RENT—Beaubier residence, corner of Eighth avenue and Washington boulevard. Phone 359-J. 46tf

FOR SALE—Second hand automobiles. 1 Maxwell touring car, $250. 1 Hupmobile roadster, $175. These cars are in first class shape and will bear inspection and demonstration. Thomas Garage. Phone 116. 49tf

FOR SALE—Citrus trees, Washington navels, Valencias, Marsh seedless grapefruit, Eureka, Lisbon, and Villa Franca lemons. Carefully selected buds on sour stock roots. John Shingler. Tel. 234-J-3. 44tf

FOR SALE—1916 Maxwell touring, good condition. $325. See it at Grahame's. 51t1

FOR SALE—Rhode Island Red eggs for hatching, 15 for 50c. Phone 113-J. 44tf

FOR SALE—Baby chicks and very fertile eggs, from Smallwood's late, quick moulting White Leghorns. "They pay." Not inbred. Ranch E. 24th St. Phone 346-R-4. We deliver. 46tf

FOR SALE—House and lot on 1st ave., 1½ blocks No. of 10th St. Small payment down and balance like rent. 1 Buick 30, 1910 touring, $150. A. F. Riley. 51tf

FOR SALE—Used cars at bargain prices. See them at Grahames.

FOR SALE—6-room house, lot 50x150; orange trees. Cucamonga, Cal. Third house rear of First National Bank. Inquire First National Bank, J. H. Rupp or owner, Geo. W Hoffman, 257 Melrose Ave. Monrovia, Cal. 47tf

FOR SALE—Two and three year old trees: Eureka, Bellefranca, Lisbon Lemon, Washington Nav- old trees: Eureka, Villafranca, Grapefruit. See J. L. Miner, 24th and Euclid. Phone 317-R-1. 36tf

FOR SALE—Pigs, all sizes. Inquire Phone 426-R-1, Upland. 36tf

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Good second-hand Overland. Also buy and sell all kinds of second-hand automobiles. H. Cohen, Phone 475-L, or 359-R. 36tf

FOR SALE—Stoddard-Dayton. In good shape. See it at Grahame's. 51t1

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR LOAN—Money on real estate. First National Bank, Upland. 49tf

NOTICE—We can still furnish blood and tankage and potash fertilizers as 6-8-2 or 5-8-2 or 4-10-2. Uunfortunately some of the fertilizer companies are all sold out. Call B. L. Byer, Phone 79, at noon or in the evening. Residence 428 3rd Ave., Upland, Calif. Only in the office by appointment. Prices advancing. Order at once. 44tf

FREE—A useful souvenir with every purchase amounting to one dollar or more. C. F. Troeller. 47tf

FOR BABIES—Carriages, go-carts, rockers, nursery chairs, high chairs, cribs, pads, etc. Upland Furniture Co. 51t2

Buy the New Singer sewing machine at $2.00 per month. The latest and best. Low prices on second-hand machines. 224 North Euclid, Ontario. Phone 55-R. 48tf

STATE COUNCIL OF DEFENSE FOR CALIFORNIA

Sacramento, April 26, 1917.

To All County Councils of Defense.

Gentlemen:—The war with Germany will cause many burdens to come to the people of our country, and the duties of the County Councils of Defense should consist not alone of preparations for war and defense but also of preparing the people for these sacrifices by anticipating and nullifying the effect as much as possible.

This can be done by teaching the people of your district the strictest economy in every way and especially in the conservation of foodstuffs; the stopping of all waste and curtailment of the use of meats and fats.

Every man, woman and child will feel the effects of war in one way or another, and the best way to meet this burden will be to begin the retrenchment now, not after the resources and opportunities are gone.

Seven billion dollars will probably be raised for war purposes by the government, and other millions for the use of the states in addition to the one billion dollars necessary for the yearly governmental budget. All these funds will be raised this year, and the people of California and of the United States will be called upon to furnish the funds.

It is difficult to imagine our country at war, especially in California, where all is still peaceful and unchanged, but the sacrifices will come and should be met with the proper kind of preparation.

This economical policy can be made effective and the extra war expense to many individuals offset by the additional production of many crops over that of previous years, for the crop outlook all over the world is not good for this year, and there will be great demand for everything that can be produced.

Those products of the soil which are not perishable, such as cereals, beans, peas and the crops that can be carried through the winter, like potatoes, onions and apples, should be planted and cared for whenever possible, and no fruit which can be dried permitted to waste. After that the garden for home consumption. Every home garden made this year in ground not formerly used for this purpose will help to pay additional tax burdens. Everyone should work overtime at something and the least one could do would be to spend an hour each day tending the home garden.

In food conservation, the committee on food supplies is working through the Agricultural College of the University of California. Other committees of the state council of defense are looking after the various departments and we hope that the different organizations everywhere will cooperate and work in harmony with these committees.

In this state there should be the greatest good will among the people regarding the use of water for irrigation and all those who have any that can be spared should furnish it to those who have none, free of charge, and those having more than they can use should find some one near by who has land on which their surplus can be used so that no water whatever can fail to find use.

There are hundreds of cattle ranches in this state that ordinarily do not milk cows. They should all do so in order to produce more butter. It means more work but it also means greater production of strength-giving fats to the French and English, who are short of that variety of food.

The county council of defense should inaugurate an educational campaign along these lines and follow up the work when started to keep enthusiasm alive and the people busy.

The women's organizations might be enlisted in the educational part of this work. Nearly every village already has a women's club for civic betterment and through them you can undoubtedly secure prompt and efficient assistance. Nearly all of the important women's organizations of the state are connected with our relief committee which is in turn cooperating fully with the Red Cross.

The proper committee of the council of defense should be alert to discover any people who are sympathizers with the enemies with whom we are at war and frustrate any plot or plans for the destruction of life or property. We would suggest especial care and discretion in giving publicity to any matters pertaining to public property and safety, but these matters wolud naturally suggest themselves to the sheriff, who is a member of your council.

There is no occasion for excitement and undue nervous tension at this time and the spirit of patience and good will should prevail.

The county council of denfense is the organization which will be looked to for the initiative in all these things and the activity in each county will depend largely upon the enthusiasm, patriotism and encouragemen shown by it.

Each county council will find ways of its own to create and carry forward the good work probably by the appointment of the following committees:

1. Resources and Food Supplies—For economy, home planting, etc., and persons to lecture when available.

2. Public defense and security—Including home guard training.

3. Public Health and Sanitation—Encouragement of Red Cross work, etc.

4. Relief—To families and dependents of soldiers.

The council may be able to encourage the local banks to assist whenever possible and practicable by helping the farmers to secure additional seed, water for irrigation or fertilizers, and stretch credits to these purposes to the limit of safety at this time.

If any home guards be organized they should be recruited under Chapter 159 of the laws of 1911 so that these bodies of men will be uniform in character and available for consolidation with other units in the state for use by the governor in case of emergency. These home guards should be made up of men over thirty years of age so as not to interfere with the recruiting of younger men for federal service.

Now is the time for each man and woman as well as boy and girl to do his or her duty and give what aid they can to their country and state, and it should be your problem to set them at work.

We most earnestly desire to produce the greatest results possible in this state and believe the plan of organization we have inaugurated through these councils of defense should bring it about, but it can only be done by the cooperation and coordination of all factions irrespective of personal gain or advantage of any kind. All thought of self and ambition, except to do the greatest good for the cause should be discouraged, and every other consideration except that of loyalty and patriotism excluded.

Command of us anything in the way of help we can furnish, keep us daily advised of all matters of importance and furnish us with information weekly as to the progress made, giving facts and figures as to increased acreage and production of every kind; also let us know what means you are taking to stimulate the people of your county to produce as your way may be superior to the ways of others and we can pass the knowledge along to the other counties.

Time is most essential and we urge that you get your forces at work without delay and in the most vigorous manner possible for there is an immense amount of work to be done and a short time in which to do it, especially in the planting of crops.

These suggestions are offered in the hope that they may help and not hinder, and we do not desire to dictate as to how the affairs of the county councils shall be conducted, believing that being on the ground you are better informed of local requirements than we are.

Very truly yours,
State Council of Defense.
By A. H. Naftzger, Vice-Chairman.

AGRICULTURAL NEWS NOTES OF THE PACIFIC COAST

Northern California

Biggs, Butte county, reports grain prospects the best in years.

Almond growers of Sacramento county report promise of a better than normal crop.

Several requests have been made of Colusa county supervisors for a farm adviser fund.

An armed guard has been placed on the government dam of the Orland irrigation project.

Horticultural Commissioner Gould of Yolo county estimates the almond crop at 80 per cent.

A peach grower of Oswald, Sutter county, reports sale of his entire crop on the trees at $45 per ton.

The schools of Gridley, Butte county, have an agricultural club which this year will raise corn and beans.

Horticultural Commissioner Hassler of Eldorado county reports very little damage to orchards from the recent frosts.

The Chico Business Men's association recently held a rally at Chico to urge a farm adviser for Butte county.

Nine hundred acres near Arbuckle, Colusa county, have been planted to sugar beets by the Sacramento Valley Sugar company.

Hop growers are warned to reduce their acreage as the demand is small and the prices very low. There is also a large surplus of holdover.

Hereford breeders of California and the Pacific Coast have been invited to meet on the evening of May 2 at the Palace hotel in San Francisco.

Dairymen of Northern California will meet at Colusa at an early date to consider the forming of a branch of the Northern California Milk Producers.

The Sherer company made a recent shipment from Arbuckle, Colusa county, of three carloads of cattle to Los Angeles at an average price of $122.50 a head.

Stock growers of Mendocino county have formed an association and adopted a constitution. The association is to meet in annual convention on the first Saturday in October of this year.

A. B. Humphrey of Mayhews has sold for $3000 Grand Leader 2nd, the Berkshire boar who was grand champion at the Panama-Pacific exposition. Twenty of his sons and daughters were sold at the same time for $1500.

Two thousand sacks of Colusa county rice were sold recently to a San Francisco firm at $2.20 per sack, this price including freight charges to San Francisco. The company making the sale has on hand in the neighborhood of 30,000 sacks unsold.

Central California

Hay is bringing $32 and $32.50 a ton in Stockton.

Stanislaus county has prospects for a good crop of Smyrna figs.

The Stewart packing house at Sanger has started on Valencias.

A four-mile parade is promised at Fresno on Raisin Day, April 30.

Efforts are being made to organize a branch of the Farmers' Protective league in Stanislaus county.

A branch of the Lundy Dried Milk Products company will be established at Newman, Stanislaus county.

The March report of the Stanislaus cow testing association shows 70 cows testing over 45 pounds butter fat.

A fund of $1000 has been assured by Coalinga for the state poultry show which will be held there November 14-18.

The F. H. Buck ranch in the Christian colony is provided with 200 smudge pots for use in deciduous orchards.

More cattle will be allowed grazing privileges in the national forests of California during the next season than ever before.

Amendments of the workmen's compensation act, now before the state legislature, provide for bringing farm labor under compulsory state insurance.

The California Peach Growers plans to erect packing houses at Hanford, Selma, and Parlier. Construction has already begun on the plant at Kingsburg.

The Lindsay-Strathmore irrigation system is now 90 per cent complete. Twenty wells ranging in depth from 90 to 204 feet are now ready to supply water.

Poplar, Tulare county, expects a large bean crop this year. Many contracts have been signed for blackeyes on a 5½ cent basis with five cents for teparies.

The approved grazing allowances for the national forests of California during 1917 provide for 521,000 sheep and goats, 221,000 cattle and horses and 6600 swine.

The next meeting of the Stanislaus Fig Growers' association is to be held at Ceres June 9. Many growers have stated that they will not contract their crop until after that date.

A 12-year lease on 356 acres of asparagus land is reported for $107,043. The deal was made between R. M. Durbin of Walnut Grove and the owner, the Vrooman company.

The Turlock board of trade is collecting data on the dairy business of the district. The immediate occasion for gathering this information is the possibility of securing a dried milk plant.

A plan has been announced for the building of a great dam on the Kaweah river below Three Rivers at a cost of $8,500,000. The land to be included in the project takes in part of the Lindsay-Strathmore district, the Alta district, and the property of 21 ditch companies.

The Coast

Washington county, Oregon, will hold its fair October 2-5.

There are still 15,000 bales of hops in the hands of Oregon growers.

The Salmon river section of Idaho reports a long cold winter, with feed exhausted.

Roseburg, Oregon, will hold its strawberry festival three days beginning May 17.

The Coos and Curry Fair association has chosen the dates September 12-15 for its annual fair.

The first shipment of Japanese Irish potatoes on the Seattle market was sold last week at $50 and $55.

The agricultural class of the Chandler high school is able to sell a good many vegetables to the townspeople.

A number of beet-loading stations are being erected in districts where farmers are agreeing to plant this year.

The construction work on the Nyssa-Arcadia Drainage district of Idaho is nearly completed. The work has cost $70,000.

Potato growers of Benton county, Oregon, recently met at Irish Bend and formed a county potato growers' association.

Apple growers of the Yakima valley are not planning to wrap their apples this season because of the high price of paper.

The state university extension department of Arizona is organizing various planting clubs among the school children. There are corn clubs, cotton clubs, sorghum, potato, pig, poultry, canning, etc., clubs.

The Round Valley Farm Improvement association of Apache county, Arizona, has arranged for the importation of a carload of Swedish select oat seed from Portland, Oregon. The same association is now importing a carload of dairy cows.

GARDEN CULTIVATION

The importance of thorough and continuous cultivation in the home vegetable garden is pointed out in a new Farmers' Bulletin of the United States department of agriculture, No. 818, "The Small Vegetable Garden." After the seeds have sprouted or after the plants have been set in their permanent location, continued cultivation becomes necessary.

The gardener should never permit the surface of the soil to become baked or even to form an appreciable crust. Constant stirring with hand tools or a wheel cultivator should be practiced between the rows and about the plants. Such a stirring permits the air to penetrate the soil where it facilitates chemical action and bacterial activity, destroys weeds which otherwise would utilize large amounts of plant food, and, finally, conserves the gardener's most valuable tool in cultivating. This can be passed backward and forward over the ground until it is in an open, mellow condition. Where vegetables grow closely in the rows it often will be necessary to supplement the cultivation by hand weeding. Small implements are made for this purpose, and may be purchased cheaply. It is well also in some cases to pull up weeds by hand, especially where they grow closely about the stalks of the garden plants.

Stirring the Soil After Rains

Just as the gardener should be careful in early spring not to dig the ground when the soil is too moist, so he should be careful later in the season not to cultivate too soon after rains. The stirring of very muddy soil "puddles" it into a compact, cement-like mass in which the plant food is securely locked. The garden will require attention, however, as soon as the excess moisture from a rain has soaked in or partially evaporated. Unless the ground is stirred at this time a crust will form almost inevitably. Such crust, besides restricting the plants, prevents the access of air, and also facilitates the loss of moisture through evaporation.

Irrigation

When, during prolonged dry spells, the plants give evidence of suffering, because of the lack of moisture, water must, if possible, be supplied artificially. Where a supply of piped water is at hand, perhaps the most usual method of irrigation is by sprinkling with a hose. If sprinkling is practiced it should be done late in the afternoon. It is not sufficient merely to dampen the surface; a thorough wetting should be given. A more satisfactory and economical method of irrigation, however, is to open small furrows between the rows of growing plants and to supply water in these ditches from a hose or pipe. Several hours after the water has soaked in, the dry earth should be drawn back into place.

FROM "SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE"

E. B. Reynolds, of this city, is in receipt of a letter this week written by Major D. Blaikie Hislop, who is now in active service with the British Expeditionary forces, "somewhere in France." Major Hislop has many warm personal friends in this colony, where he spent some five years, prior to his return to the former home in Scotland, less than one year ago. We feel that we are violating no confidences, herein, when we refer to parts of the letter, as received by Mr. Reynolds. Mr. Hislop was engaged for a time, after reaching Scotland, in training troops at Inverness, in that country. He had served Great Britain in the Boer war, and came out with rank of major. While engaged in the troop work, he received word to prepare to "go to the front," somewhere in France, to do his bit for Britain. Those who know Major Hislop best will realize that there would be no such thing as "slacking" on his part. When this European conflict first started, he had sent word from Upland to the British consul at San Francisco, as to his whereabouts, and that he was ready for their call, at any time.

This last letter, received by Mr. Reynolds, speaks in optimistic terms of the chances of the cause of the allies, and dwells with particular pleasure upon the fact that now America has come in to do her part in actual participation. Not having heard of the death of the late Captain Anderson, Mr. Hislop suggests that the latter be placed in charge of the "Ontario Submarine Fleet," and that "General" Howe and Earl Paul be placed at the head of a regiment which shall be known as the "California Die-Hards," or the "Frostless Belt Grenadiers," or some such well-named organization. These little gibes but reveal to his friends Major Hislop's well-known propensity for a bit of fun. In a more serious vein he speaks of the fact that if America shall really participate in this great war, as he hopes, then we shall need many more men than is suggested by our president, up to the time (April 15), when the letter was written. He speaks optimistically of the outcome of the great struggle; even intimates that the fight is already won for the entente allies. His letter also deplores the fact that they lack there our beautiful California sunshine, and says he hopes, some day, to again return for more pleasant years over here, after this war shall have been concluded. He says their weather is made up of rain, snow, wind and mud—the terrible mud. Says the cold is so intense, too, that they find it hard to get warm enough to sleep at night, in the tents, out in the open. But throughout the entire letter there radiates the cheerfulness, the happy disposition, which his friends would expect to be evinced by Mr. Hislop, and The News is glad to be able to publish this little bit of the letter, knowing it will be appreciated by many of our readers.

The envelope is plainly marked, with printed label, "Open by Censor" and the address, by which Mr. Hislop can be reached, at the front, "Somewhere in France," is about as complicated as would be a doctor's prescription, to the average layman.

Shasta and Trinity counties will soon begin a war of extermination on coyotes.

An experimental planting of long staple cotton will be made near Esparto in Yolo county.

The Prune and Apricot Growers have begun another campaign for securing membership.

Holland, although in normal times a great exporter of dairy products, is now suffering from the decrease in milk. This is attributed to a lack of the stimulating and nourishing fodder, now almost unobtainable, which was imported in large quantities before the war and was added to the usual native cattle feed.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the San Antonio Hospital Association will be held on Tuesday, May 8th, 1917, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the San Antonio Hospital.

51t1 C. E. GRIER, Secretary.

STOP, LOOK, LISTEN

Can you afford to feed a hen that does not lay enough eggs to pay for her feed?

It does not pay to keep a hen that lays less than 150 eggs per year.

There are some hens that never lay an egg, some lay a dozen, some 50, some 100, some 200 and an occasional one lays close to 300 eggs in a year.

I have a thoroughly tested and reliable system which enables me in less than a minute's time to tell the number of eggs a hen will lay in one year, whether a good layer has a condition making her unprofitable to keep and hatch from, whether a once good layer has ceased to lay another egg, whether a hen makes a good setter or mother, whether or not a hen produces fertile eggs, etc.

I have cleaned and repaired 43 sewing machines and 5 organs in Upland since the first of the year and have decided to stay in Upland a short time longer to do work in that line.

Why not have your hens tested at a very small cost while I am still here? Ring up 212-L and let us talk it over. J. S. Dyck, S. E. cor. 9th and Campus. 51t1

Glee Club and Orchestra Concert at Chaffey

Fri., May 11

H. G. Chaffee Co. Basketeria Grocery

Bring Your Basket, Wait on Yourself and Get Paid For It

The remarkable business we are doing from the start shows that the people of Upland appreciate the new plan. You won't know how much you are losing until you try it.

Jello, per package, 8c

8 lbs. Fresh Asparagus . . 25c

Elenora Corn . . . 2 cans, 25c
Karo Syrup (blue label) . 12c
Karo Syrup (red label) . . 13c
Blue Seal Matches . 3 for 10c
Ragged Robin Soap, bar . . 4c

Six bars weigh as much as seven bars of ordinary white soap

Best Bread Made, loaf . . 13c
3 lbs. Hill's Coffee 84c
Large Package Postum . . 20c

Second Avenue, opp. News Office